

Center for International Studies of University of Montenegro

MA in European and Southeast European Studies

Advanced Education for European Integration

Curriculum (Course Plan)

The program contains four semesters. Each semester embraces fundamental courses and specialized courses. All are obligatory. The fundamental courses are covering five modules: 1) History, 2) Economics, 3) Politics, 4) Law, and 5) Language. The last (fourth) semester is devoted to the visit to some of West European partner universities and to MA Thesis.

First semester

Fundamental Courses (two hours per week)

European History 1789-1945 (Š. Rastoder)
Principles of Microeconomics (Milenko Popović)
European Political Thought (R. Radonjić)
Introduction to International Law (N. Vučinić)
German, French, or Italian I

Specialized Courses (one hour per week)

At the Crossroad of Worlds and Civilizations (D. Vukčević)
In the Vortex of Great Ideological Mobilizations (R. Radonjić)
Great Powers and Small States (Š. Rastoder)
European Integrations and Southeast Europe (Milan Popović)

Second Semester

Fundamental Courses (two hours per week)

European History 1945-1989 and the End of the Cold War (Š. Rastoder)
Principles of Macroeconomics (Milenko Popović)
Comparative European Politics (S. Darmanović and Milan Popović)
The Law of the European Union I (N. Vučinić)
German, French, or Italian II

Specialized Courses (one hour per week)

The Dissolution of Former Yugoslavia and Beyond (Milan Popović)
Trauma and Catharsis in Historical Memory: Serbia and Germany (N. Popov)
Comparative Elections (V. Pavićević)
New Information Technologies (D. Prlja)
Theoretical Methodology: Social Theory, Research, and Science (D. Vukčević)

Third Semester

Fundamental Courses (two hours per week)

History of European Integration (A. Fatić)
Economic and Monetary Integration of the European Union (Milenko Popović)
The Institutions and the Policy-Making Process of European Union (A. Fatić)
The Law of the European Union II (N. Vučinić)
English in Politics, Economics, and Law

Specialized Courses (one hour per week)

EU Enlargement (A. Fatić)
Common Foreign and Security Policy of the EU (A. Fatić)
The Stability Pact for South Eastern Europe (D. Prlja)
The EU Stabilization and Association Process for the Western Balkans (D. Prlja)
Research Methods and Skills: From Theory to MA Proposal (D. Vukčević)

Prof. Dr. Šerbo Rastoder

European history 1789-1945

Crucial historical events and character of the changes

Course Duration: one (first) semester, fourteen weeks, one hour per week

Course Content

1. Europe in the Age of Revolution 1789-1849

1.1. French Revolution 1789-1799

Bourgeois ideology of the XVIII century. Economy and society. Calling the assembly of classes. Declaration of human and citizen rights. The first French constitution. Legislative assembly, collapse of the monarchy, Girondists and Montaignes, Convent and pronouncement of the Republic, Jacobin dictatorship 1793-1794. Thermidor Convent and Directoire. The Revolution and Great Powers of Europe. Literature: Fire, 1990; Hobsbawn, 1987; Popov, 1989; Tokvil, 1994.

1.2. France and Europe in the Time of Napoleon 1799-1815

Consulship. Pronouncement of the Empire. Napoleon wars 1804-1807. Continental blockade. Campaigns on Russia. Collapse of Napoleon. Literature: Kamon, 1957; Popov, 1989; Cvajg, 1958.

1.3. Foundations of the European Industrial Civilization in XIX Century and Revolution in Science

Population of Europe. Revolution in science (natural sciences, social and human sciences), technical and technological transformation (textile industry, metallurgy, production of machines, mining industry, traffic, civil engineering, electrical industry, chemical industry, agriculture, armament). Social and political doctrine of the liberal capitalism epoch (theories of anti-rationalism, liberalism, national ideologies of liberal capitalism epoch, positivism, Marxism). Literature: Popov, 1989; Kennedy, 1999; Peri, 200; Moraze, 1976; Gray, 1999.

1.4. "Reconstruction" of Europe 1815-1848

Vienna congress 1814-1815. Holy Alliance. Society of the political evolution. Great Britain 1815-1848. July revolution in France 1830. German countries 1815-1848. Russia in the first half of the XIX century. Literature: Debidur, 1933-1934; Popov, 1989; Hosbawn, 1987; Traveledyan, 1956; Mering, 1951.

1.5. Revolution 1848-1849

Europe on the eve of the revolution. Social and political foundation of the revolution. Beginning of the revolution. The Second French revolution. Revolution in German countries. Revolution in Hungary. Revolution and wars in Italy 1848-1849. Literature: Popov; 1989; Hosbawn, 1987; Taylor, 2001; Godšo, 1987.

2. Triumph of the Liberal Capitalism 1849-1885

2.1. Europe after Revolution 1848-1849

The end of the Second French Republic. Reaction in Italy. German countries after revolution. Neo-absolutism in Austria. Eastern question: Crimean war. Paris Peace treaty 1856. Literature: Taylor, 2001; Taylor, 1968; Popov, 1989; Mering, 1951.

2.2. National Movements

Unification of Italy. Unification of Germany. Introduction of dualism in Habsburg Monarchy. Literature; Anderson, 1999; Keduri, 1999; Hosbawn, 1996; Popov, 1989; Kersten, 1936; Oresi, 1909; Taylor, 2001.

2.3. Reforms in Russia and Osmanli Empire

Abolition of feudalism in Russia and reforms of Alexander II. Polish resurrection 1863-1864. Tanzimat 1839-1876. Literature: Popov, 1989, 1989; Miljukov, Ezenman, Senjobos, 1939; Hammer, 1979.

3. Bipolar World and Total War 1885-1918

3.1. Change of Balance of Power and Great Powers 1885-1914 (Italy, Germany, Austro-Hungary, France, Great Britain, Russia, USA). Formation of unions and preparations for war 1890-1914. Literature: Kennedy, 1999; Taylor, 1968.

3.2. The First World War 1914-1918

Beginning of the war. Entering of Italy and USA in the war. Major fronts and war operations 1914-1918. The Paris Peace conference and peace treaties. New political map of Europe. Literature: Kennedy, 1999; Renouvien, 1965; Tomac, 1983; Mitrović, 1998; Popov, 1976.

3.3. Revolution in Russia

Political and social foundation. February Revolution. October revolution (dictatorship of proletariat). Lenin. Constituent Assembly. The Revolution and other European countries. (Germany, Hungary). Literature: Fire, 1996; Geller, Nekrič, 2000; Mitrović, 1998.

4. Versaille Europe 1919-1939; Three Political Models

4.1. Parliamentary Democracies

Great Britain. France. Weimar Republic. Literature: Mitrović, 1998; Popov, 1978; Kennedy, 1999.

4.2. Authoritarian Nationalism

Fascism in Italy: social and political foundation of the movement; political forces; march on Rome, dictatorship, corporate state. National-socialism in Germany: social and political foundation of the movement; development of national-socialism and winning the power; end of Weimar republic; racist state of German people. Literature: Mitrović, 1998; Mitrović 1980; Hamilton, 1978; Fisher, 1985; Šabo, 1981; Bullock, 1954; Nolte, 1990.

4.3. Communism

Soviet Union as the only Communist state. Civil war and victory of the Communists. Economy plans. Union of Soviet Socialist Republics. Stalinism, the highest stage of Communism. Literature: Fire, 1996; Geller, Negrič, 2000, Mitrović, 1998.

5. Europe in the War 1939-1945

Regrouping of powers and bipolar world on the eve of war. Aggressive policy of fascist powers. Attack on Poland. Collapse of France. Entering of USA in the war and strengthening anti- Hitler coalition. Eastern front. North-African battlefield. Battles on the Pacific. Capitulation of Italy. Allied conferences. Opening of Western front and liberation of France. Red Army in the campaign on Berlin. Liberation movements in the occupied Europe. Capitulation of Germany and Japan. Conference in Paris. Literature: Popov, 1978; Mitrović, 1998, Marjanović, Brajović, Mraović, 1969; Kennedy, 1999; Geller, Negrič, 2000.

Selected literature

- Čedomir Popov, Građanska Evropa 1770-1871, Osnovi evropske istorije XIX vijeka, knjiga I, Politička istorija Evrope, knjiga II, Matica srpska, Novi Sad, 1989.
- Paul Kennedy, Uspon i pad velikih sila, Ekonomska promjena i ratovanje 1500-2000, Podgorica, CID, 1999.
- F. Fire, O francuskoj revoluciji, Sremski Karlovci, 1990.
- E. J. Hobsbawm, Doba revolucije: Evropa 1789-1848, Zagreb 1987.
- E. J. Hobsbawm, Nacije i nacionalizam od 1780: program, mit, stvarnost, Beograd, 1996.
- Kamon, Napoleonovi ratovi, Beograd, 1957.
- S. Cvajg, Marija Antoaneta. Slika jednog osrednjeg karaktera, Sarajevo, 1958.
- M. Peri, Intelektualna istorija Evrope, Beograd, 1957.
- Sh. Moraze, Devetnaesto stoljeće 1775-1905. Historija čovječanstva. Kulturni i misaoni razvoj, sveska 5, knjiga 1-4, Zagreb, 1976.
- Džon Grej, Liberalizam, Podgorica, CID, 1999.
- Eli Keduri, Nacionalizam, Podgorica, CID, 2000.
- Ž. Debidur, Diplomatska istorija Evrope. Od otvaranja Bečkog do zaključenja Berlinskog kongresa (1814-1878), I-II, Beograd, 1933-1934.
- Dž. M. Travelyan, Povijest Engleske, Zagreb, 1956.
- F. Mering, Istorija Njemačke. Od kraja srednjeg vijeka, Beograd, 1951.
- A. Dž. P. Taylor, Habsburška monarhija 1809-1918. Istorija Austrijske carevine i Austrougarske, Beograd, 2001.
- B. Anderson, Nacija: Zamišljena zajednica, Beograd, 1999.
- K. Kerstren, Bizmark i njegovo doba, Beograd, 1936.
- P. Orsi, Oslobođenje i ujedinjenje Italije, Beograd, 1909.
- P. Miljukov, L. Ezenman, Š. Senjobos, Istorija Rusije, Beograd, 1939.
- Joseph von Hammer, Historija turskog (osmanskog carstva), III, Zagreb, 1979.
- P. Renouvier, Evropska kriza I: Prvi svjetski rat, Zagreb, 1965.
- P. Tomac, Prvi svjetski rat 1914-1918, Beograd, 1983.
- A. Mitrović, Vreme netrpeljivih, Politička istorija velikih država Evrope 1919-1939, Podgorica, CID, 2000.
- Č. Popov, Od Versaja do Danciga, Beograd, 1976.
- F. Fire, Prošlost jedne iluzije, Komunizam u dvadesetom vijeku, Beograd, 1996.
- Mihail Geler, Aleksandar Negrič, Utopija na vlasti, Istorija Sovjetskog Saveza, Podgorica, CID, 2000.
- A. Mitrović, Fašizam i Nacizam, Beograd, 1980.
- Ernst Nolte, Fašizam u svojoj epohi. Epoha svjetskih ratova i fašizam, Beograd, 1990.
- A. Hamilton, Intelektualci i fašizam, Beograd, 1978.
- F. Fišer, Savez elita, Beograd, 1985.
- A. Bulok, Hitler. Slika tiranije, Beograd, 1954.
- F. Šabo, Savremena Italija (1918-1998), Beograd, 1978.
- J. Marjanović, P. Brajović, N. Mraović, Drugi svjetski rat 1939-1945, I-II, Beograd, 1969.

First Choice Literature

Popov, 1989; Taylor, 1968; Tomac, 1973; Mitrović, 1998; Fire, 1996; Kennedy, 1999.

Prof. dr. Milenko Popović

Principles of Microeconomics

Course Duration: one (first) semester, fourteen weeks, two hours per week

Course Content

MATHEMATICAL REVIEW

Basic mathematical prerequisite will be reviewed following now celebrated and user friendly Dixit (1993) and Gibbons (1993) textbooks.

NEOCLASICAL MICROECONOMICS

The Theory of the Consumer

Preferences and utility (Mas-Colell, Whinston, M.D., Green, J., 1995: pp. 17-49).

Optimization and Marshallian demand (pp. 50-57).

Duality theory and the Slutsky decomposition (pp. 57-75).

Welfare evaluation (pp. 80-91).

The theory of the firm

Technology and production function (pp. 127-134).

Cost minimization and profit maximization (pp. 135-142).

Geometry of supply in the short and long run (pp. 139-149).

Simple Market Structure and Welfare

Competitive markets in the short and long run (pp.307-349).

Monopoly (pp. 383-386).

Externalities (pp. 350-364).

Nonrivalry and exclusivity: digression on public goods.

Optimization under uncertainty

Von Neuman-Morgenstern expected utility (pp. 167-183).

Risk aversion (pp.183-188).

The demand for insurance and portfolio selection (pp. 188-194).

Stochastic dominance (pp. 194-199).

Discussion of the model (pp. 199-216).

STRATEGIC INTERACTION AND ECONOMICS OF INFORMATION

Simultaneous Move Games

Normal form representation and Nash equilibrium (pp. 217-253).

Static models of oligopoly (pp. 387-400).

Bayesian Nash equilibrium 9pp. 253-260).

Dynamic Games

Backward induction and subgame perfection (pp. 267-282).

Beliefs and perfect Bayesian Nash equilibrium (pp. 282-295).

Asymmetric Information

Adverse selection, signalling and screening (pp. 435-476).

The principal-agents problem (pp. 477-510).

GENERAL EQUILIBRIUM

Simple Examples

Pure exchange (pp. 511-525).
Robinson Crusoe (pp. 525-529).
2x2 production model and international trade (pp. 529-544).

Welfare General Equilibrium

Fundamental welfare theorems (pp.545-558).
Pareto optimality (pp. 558-577).

Selected Literature

Babić, M. (2001). *Mikroekonomska analiza*; 4th edition, MATE, Zagreb.
Dixit, (1993). *Optimization in Economic Theory*; **Gibbons**, R. (1993). *Game Theory for Applied Economists*; Princeton University Press, New Jersey.
Koutsoyiannis, A. *Modern Microeconomics*; 2nd edition, The MacMillan Press Ltd.
Mas-Colell, A., **Whinston**, M.D., **Green**, J. (1995). *Microeconomic Theory*. Oxford University Press.
Varian, H. (1992). *Microeconomic Analysis*. 3rd edition. W.W. Norton, New York.

Recommended Reading and Studing Priority

Mas-Colell, A., Whinston, M.D., Green, J., 1995: see content for details regarding main chapters to read. As an alternative reading Varian Hall, 1992, textbooks can be used.

Comparative Postgraduate Courses

MA in Economics, Department of Economics, University of Toronto, Course: *Microeconomic Theory*, Author: Huw Lloyd-Ellis (ECO2060F).

Visiting Professors

Professor Dr. Mate Babic, University of Zagreb.

Professor Dr. Radovan Radonjić

European Political Thought

Course Duration: one (first) semester, fourteen weeks, two hours per week

Course Content

The course focuses on political thought on state and law, i.e. government and governing, as assumptions for realization of basic human rights and freedoms.

Greek Theoretical Thoughts

Democracy and Autocracy, Government, Freedom and Authority: Pericles, Plato, Aristotle.

Roman Theories of State and Law

The Stoics, Polybius, Cicero, Jurists of the "Classical Period".

Christian Theories on Government and Governing

Theories of the State of God and the State of Earth, Scholastic Rationalism: Aurelius, Aquinas.

The Age of Absolutism and Critical Thought

Pragmatic Realpolitik, Critical Utopianism, Reformation, Theories of Natural Law and Social Contract: Machiavelli, More, Luther, Grotius, Spinoza, Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau.

Bourgeois and Civic Theoretical Thought

Ideology of the Declaration of Rights, Theory of National State, Liberalism, Solidarianism: Robespierre, Kant, Fichte, Hegel, Bentham, Constant, Tocqueville, Mill, Duguit.

Ideas of Social Equality and Justice

Social-Utopianism, Anarchism, Marxism, Reformism: Saint-Simon, Fourier, Owen, Stirner, Proudhon, Marx, Lassale, Bernstein.

Theories of Totalitarianism

Fascism, National Socialism, Stalinism: Mussolini, Rosenberg, Hitler, Stalin.

Theories of the so-called Third Way

Doctrine of Democratic Socialism, Program of European Social Democracy, New Ecumenism: Palme, Brandt, Kreisky, Pope John XXIII.

Selected Literature

Aristotle: *Politika*, Beograd, 1960.

Arendt, H.: *Totalitarizam*, Zagreb, 1996.

Aron, R.: *Demokracija i totalitarizam*, Zagreb, 1996.

Bakunjin, M.: *Država i sloboda*, Zagreb, 1979.

Bracher, K. D.: *The Age of Ideologies*, London, 1985.

Burke, E.: *Razmišljanja o Francuskoj revoluciji*, Zagreb, 1993.

Ciceron: *De Republica*, Paris, 1835.

Constant, B.: *Načela politike i drugi spisi*, Zagreb, 1993.

Država i politika, Zbornik I, II, Beograd, 1968.

Hegel, G. W. F.: *Osnovne crte filozofije prava*, Sarajevo, 1964.

Hitler, A.: *Mein Kampf*, Munchen, 1934.

Kelsen, H.: *Opšta teorija države i prava*, Beograd, 1951.
Kohn, H.: *The Idea of Nationalism*, New York, 1944.
Klasici političkog mišljenja, Zbornik I, II, Zagreb, 1998.
Makijaveli, N.: *Vladalac*, Beograd, 1964.
Marks, K.: *Građanski rat u Francuskoj*, Beograd, 1960.
Mil, Dž. S.: *O slobodi*, Beograd, 1988.
Mor, T.: *Utopija*, 1951.
Musolini, B.: *O korporativnoj državi*, Beograd, 1937.
Oven, R.: *Novi pogled na društvo*, Zagreb, 1980.
Pareto, V.: *The Rise and Fall of the Elites*, 1968.
Platon: *Država*, Zagreb, 1957.
Prudon, P. J.: *Što je vlasništvo*, Zagreb, 1982.
Radel, L.: *Roots of Totalitarianism*, New York, 1975.
Radonjić, R.: *Aporije socijalizma*, Podgorica, 1996.
Radonjić, R.: *Neostaljinizam*, Novi Sad, 1988.
Radonjić, R.: *Političke i pravne teorije*, Podgorica, 2002.
Rajh, V.: *Masovna psihologija fašizma*, Beograd, 1973.
Rasel, B.: *Istorija zapadne filozofije*, Beograd, 1962.
Ratzel, F.: *Politische Geographie*, Munchen, Leipzig, 1897.
Rosenberg, A.: *Der Mythos Des 20 Jahrhunderts*, Munchen, 1939.
Ruso, Ž. Ž.: *Društveni ugovor*, Beograd, 1949.
Sabine, G. H. A.: *History of Political Theory*, London, 1963.
Sorel, G.: *Revolucija i nasilje*, Zagreb, 1981.
Staljin, J. V.: *Pitanja lenjinizma*, Beograd, 1946.
Stromberg, R. N.: *European Intellectual History Since 1789*, London, 1986.
Valentini, F.: *Moderna politička misao*, Zagreb, 1982.
Veber, M.: *Protestantska etika i duh kapitalizma*, Sarajevo, 1968.

Prof. dr. Nebojša Vučinić

Introduction to International Law

Course duration: one (first semester), fourteen weeks, two hours per week

Course Content

Notion and character of International Law; sources and legal persons; process of origin, proving and interpretation of international customs; basic principals of international treaty law; general legal principals *in foro domestico*; decisions of international organizations, Court practice and theory; International Law after the Cold War and growth tendencies; role, importance and scope of International Law in changed political circumstances, in the condition of changed balance of powers and one super-power domination.

Generalization of classic concept of sovereignty and role of the state in international relations; role and importance of international organizations in developing of International Law and its implementation, especially rules governing protection of Human Rights.

Genesis, disappearance and recognition of states in new-formed political circumstances, with a particular review on the case of the Former SFRY and cases of mass and systematic violations of HR in that context; Right to self-determination in new political circumstances; decisions of Badinter Commission and principal of “unchangeability of administrative borders”.

Strengthening the role of international organizations, especially OUN and EU in processes of political decision making in International Community in new circumstances; settlement of disputes in new circumstances, diplomatic-political and forced means; system of collective security, power balance, use of force for the purpose of ensuring international peace and security.

Non-international conflicts of ethnic, national and political character in certain states and regions, peaceful conflict management, use of force and international public legal order i.e. ensuring peace and security; relativity of classic principal on prohibition of intervention and affirmation of humanitarian intervention in cases of genocide and similar mass and systematic violations of HR; qualifying of mass and systematic violations of HR as “threatening to and disturbing the peace” by the Security Council and undertaking forced measures.

International Law of Human Rights – notion, development, elements and legal character; classic international law and position of an individual; historical predecessors and beginning of contemporary international legal protection of HR.

Universal and regional systems of HR protection; mechanisms of control and implementation; problems of implementation of armed conflict law and humanitarian law; international criminal courts.

International terrorism as global challenge to peace and security; sovereignty of the states, rights of men, objectives and tasks of international organizations; specific authorities of the states and international organizations in the name of fight against terrorism and relations with basic HR and freedoms.

Judicial settlement of disputes in contemporary international law; Arbitration and ICJ; importance, role and scope of sentences in enforcement, but also in building of contemporary international law.

International law and international economic cooperation; promoting of international trade, movement of persons, goods and capitals; mechanisms of institutions of international economic, social, cultural and technological aid to undeveloped states in universal level, as factor of peace and security.

International Law and development of regional organizations and mechanisms of cooperation; notion of region in geo-political, economic, cultural and ideological sense; relation between universal and regional order; sense, content and objectives of regional organizations; relationship between universal system and regional ones.

International Law and protection of natural environment; basis of International Ecological Law; concept of sustained development and protection of environment in national and international level.

European regional organizations; historical predecessors, origin and development; philosophical, legal, political, economic and cultural/ideological basis of European integrations; evolution of integration process; the most important organizations, their competencies, role and importance.

Non-European regional organizations and integrations; OAD and Inter-American system of international law; regional organizations in other continents.

Basic Literature

- V. Đ. Degan, Međunarodno pravo, Rijeka, 2001.
M. Šahović, Međunarodno pravo i jugoslovenska kriza, Beograd, 1995.
J. Andrassy, V. Ibler, B. Vukas, Međunarodno pravo, Zagreb, 1997.
T. M. Frank, Fairness in International Law, Oxford, 1995.
I. A. Shearer, Strakes International Law, Boston, 1994.
V. A. Vasilijević, Zločin i odgovornost: ogleđ o međunarodnom krivičnom pravu i raspad Jugoslavije, Beograd, 1995.
M. Nowak, UN Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, Strasbourg-Arlington-Engel, 1993.
T. C. Hartley, Osnovi prava Evropske zajednice, Beograd 1998.
T. Burgental, Međunarodna ljudska prava u sažetom obliku, Beograd, 1997.
N. B. Vučinić, Osnovi ljudskih prava, Podgorica, 2001.

Prof. dr. Dragan K. Vukčević

Mediterranean, the Balkans, and Montenegro at the Crossroads of Worlds and Civilizations

Course duration: one (first) semester, fourteen weeks, one hour per week

Course Contents

Civilization

Concept (sociogenesis and psychogenesis)

Features and structure

Encounters and/or conflicts of civilizations

Historical constants (long duration)

Mediterranean and the Balkans

Rise and fall of the Mediterranean

Balkan civilization circles

Double province

Cultural and psychological types

Montenegrin Worlds

New paradigm (for history of mentality)

Boundaries between the worlds

Civilizations at the territory of Montenegro

A combat unit and/or a civilization bridge

Selected literature

Elijas, N. (2001). *Proces civilizacije*, Izdavačka knjižarnica Zorana Stojanovića, Novi Sad.

Brodel, F. (2001). *Mediterran i mediteranski svijet u doba Filipa II*. Tom I-II. CID, Podgorica; Geopoetika, Beograd.

Brodel, F. (1996). *Materijalna civilizacija, ekonomija, i kapitalizam od 15. do 18. stoljeća*, Antibarbarus, Zagreb.

Brodel, F. (1992). *Spisi iz istorije*, Srpska književna zadruga, Beograd.

Wallerstein, I. (1986). *Suvremeni svjetski sistem*, Cekade, Zagreb.

Djurant, V. (1995). *Istorija civilizacije*, tom I, Narodna knjiga, Beograd.

Cvijić, J. (1987). *Balkansko poluostrvo*, Zavod za udžbenike i nastavna sredstva, Beograd.

Cvijić, J. (1987). *Antropogeografski i etnografski spisi*, Zavod za udžbenika i nastavna sredstva, Beograd.

Cvijić, J. (1996). *Antropogeografski i etnografski spisi*, tom II, Zavod za udžbenike i nastavna sredstva, Beograd.

Cvijić, J., Andrić I. (1996). *O balkanskim psihološkim tipovima*, Službeni list SRJ, Beograd.

Dvorniković, V. (1990). *Karakterologija Jugoslovena*, Prosveta, Beograd.

- Dvorniković, V.** (1995). *Borba ideja*, Službeni list SRJ, Beograd.
- Hantington, S.** (1998). *Sukob civilizacija*, CID, Podgorica.
- Špengler, O.** (1936). *Propast Zapada*, tom I-II, Prosveta, Beograd.
- Danilevski, N.** (1994). *Rusija i Evropa*, Službeni list SRJ, Beograd.
- Burkhardt, J.** (1996). *Razmatranja o svetskoj istoriji*, Srpska književna zadruga, Beograd.
- Stojanović, T.** (1995). *Balkanska civilizacija*, Geopoetika, Beograd.
- Stojanović, T.** (1997). *Balkanski svetovi, prva i poslednja Evropa*, Equilibrium, Beograd.
- Mijović, P.** (1987). *Pradavne i davne kulture Crne Gore*, Leksikografski zavod Crne Gore, Titograd.
- Šelongoovski, A.** (1998). *Istok i Zapad (problemi istorije i civilizacije)*, CID, Podgorica.
- Gleni, M.** (2001). *Balkan 1804-1999 (nacionalizam, rat i velike sile)*, B92, Beograd.
- Pavlović, S.** (2001). *Istorija Balkana*, Clio, Beograd.
- Tojnbi, A.** (1970). *Istraživanje istorije*, tom I-II, Prosveta, Beograd.
- Srejović, D.** (2001). *Iskustva prošlosti*, Prosveta, Beograd.
- Džadžić, P.** (1995). *Homo balcanicus, homo heroicus*, Zavod za udžbenike i nastavna sredstva, Beograd.
- Vasić, D.** (1990). *Karakter i mentalitet jednog pokolenja*, Prosveta, Beograd.
- Pavlović, Ž., Milanović-Zeković, D.** (1992). *Ludilo u ogledalu (razgovori o civilizacijama, o religijama, o čoveku, o životu i smrti, o mržnji, o ljubavi)*, Srpska književna zadruga, Beograd.
- Uspenski, F.** (2001). *Istočno pitanje*, u knjizi "Istorija Vizantijskog carstva", tom III, Zepter Book World, Beograd.
- Todorova, M.** (1997). *Imaginarni Balkan*, Biblioteka XX vek, Beograd.
- Vukčević, D. K.**, (1993). *Razmeđe svetova*, Republika, broj 196, Beograd.
- Vukčević, D. K.** (2000). *Za istoriju mentaliteta*, Glasnik Odjeljenja društvenih nauka CANU, broj 17.

Visiting Professors

- Andrej Mitrović, School of Philosophy of Belgrade
- Latinka Perović, Social Research Institute of Belgrade
- Petar Vlahović, Montenegrin Academy of Arts and Sciences
- Žarko Trebješanin, School of Philosophy of Belgrade

Professor Dr. Radovan Radonjić

Europe, the Balkans and Montenegro in the Vortex of Great Ideological and Political Mobilizations of the XX Century

Course Duration: one (first) semester, fourteen weeks, one hour per week

Course Content

1. Economic, social, cultural, and psychological premises of the great political and ideological mobilizations in Europe, the Balkans and Montenegro in the XX century

2. The "redeeming paradigm" as an answer to the contradictions of the civil society and/or delays in its development

- 2.1. The notion and essence of the "redeeming paradigm"
- 2.2. Meaning and contents of the "redeeming paradigm"
- 2.3. "Right" and "left" versions of the "redeeming paradigm"
 - 2.3.1. Fascism
 - 2.3.2. National Socialism
 - 2.3.3. Stalinism

3. "Democratic reconstruction" as criticism of the "redeeming paradigm"

- 3.1. The notion of "democratic reconstruction"
- 3.2. Denazification and destalinization as political, ideological and ethical premises of "democratic reconstruction"
- 3.3. Forms and contents of "democratic reconstruction"
 - 3.3.1. Secularist ecumenism
 - 3.3.2. Politics and ideology of the "third way"
 - 3.3.3. Democratic alternative in socialism
 - 3.3.3.1. The Yugoslav 1948 and workers' self-government
 - 3.3.3.2. Perestroika

4. Considerations and controversies of the postcommunist period

- 4.1. Dissolution of the system of "real socialism"
- 4.2. "Anti-bureaucratic revolution"
- 4.3. Transition

Selected Literature

Arendt, H. (1958). *The Origins of Totalitarianism*. New York.

Arsić, D. (1972). *Društveno-ekonomski koreni staljinizma*. Beograd.

Bahro, R. (1981). *Alternativa: kritika realnog socijalizma*. Zagreb.

Banac, I. (1990). *Sa Staljinom protiv Tita*. Zagreb.

Brant, V., **Kreisky**, B., **Palme**, O. (1977). "Pisma i razgovori," *Marksizam u svetu*, Beograd, No 4-5.

Brzezinski, Z. (1967). *The Soviet Bloc: Unity and Conflict*. Cambridge.

- Charsten**, F. L. (1967). *The Rise of Fascism*. London.
- Cole**, G. D. H. (1960). *Socialism and Fascism*. London.
- Corp**, R. C., editor (1993). *Central Europe and Eastern Europe: The Challenge of Transition*. Oxford.
- Denison**, R. (1977). *The Yugoslav Experiment 1948-1974*. London.
- Freidrich**, K. and **Brzezinski**, Z. (1956). *Totalitarian Dictatorship and Autocracy*. Cambridge.
- Golubović**, Z. (1982). *Staljinizam i socijalizam*. Beograd.
- Gorbačov**, M. S. (1988). *Perestrojka*. Cetinje.
- Harman**, C. (1983). *Class Struggles in Eastern Europe*. London.
- Hitler**, A. (1934). *Mein Kampf*. Munchen.
- Kuhnl**, R. (1978). *Oblici građanske vladavine: liberalizam-fašizam*. Beograd.
- Lukić**, R. and **Lynch**, A. (1995). *Europe from the Balkans to the Urals: The Disintegration of Yugoslavia and the Soviet Union*. Oxford.
- Mussolini**, B. (1940). "Doctrine of Fascism," in *The Social and Political Doctrines of Contemporary Europe*. London.
- Pacem In Terris** (1963). *Spoljnopolitička dokumentacija*, No 3, Institut za međunarodnu politiku i privredu, Beograd.
- Radonjić**, Radovan (1996). *Aporije socijalizma*. Podgorica.
- Radonjić**, Radovan (2002). *Političke i pravne teorije*. Podgorica.
- Radonjić**, Radovan (1979). *Sukob KPJ sa Kominformom*. Zagreb.
- Radonjić**, Radovan (1998). *Tranzicije*. Podgorica.
- Vukadinović**, R. (1997). *Postkomunistički izazovi evropskoj sigurnosti*. Zagreb.
- Woodward**, S. L. (1995). *Balkan Tragedy: Chaos and Dissolution After the Cold War*. Washington, D. C.
- Zbornik** (1997). *Savremeni procesi i odnosi na Balkanu*. Beograd.

Prof. Dr. Šerbo Rastoder

Great Powers and Small Countries in XIX and XX Century

Course Duration: one (first) semester, fourteen weeks, one hour per week

Course Content

On the Periphery of Large Empires 1797-1815

Collapse of the Venice Republic 1797. Netherlands (Belgium and Holland). Switzerland. Poland. Serbian revolution. Attempt of Montenegro to gain access to sea and war with Napoleon France. Literature: Popov, 1989; Pavlović, 2001; Pavićević, 1999; Andrijašević, 2000.

In “Reconstructed“ Europe 1815-1848

Silent onlookers (Vienna Congress and small countries). Uprisings in Valach and Greece at the beginning of 1920. Great Britain and Irish question. Swish federation 1815-1848. Scandinavian countries. Literature: Popov, 1989, Travelijan, 1956; Morton, 1955.

In Revolution 1848-1849

Revolution in Hungary. Slovakia, Bohemia. People of the Balkans in revolution 1848-1849. Literature: Đorđević, 1995; Pavlović, 2001; Popov, 1989.

Great Powers and Eastern Question: From Paris Peace Treaty to Berlin Congress

Great powers and Eastern question (Great Britain, France, Habsburg monarchy, Russia). Montenegro on the Paris congress. Serbia. Romania. Polish uprising 1863-1864. War 1876-1878. Prizren league and Albanian question. San Stefan treaty. Berlin Congress: international recognition of disintegration of the Osmanli empire. Policy of internationally recognized Christian churches. Literature: Popović, 1996; Raspopović, 1996; Borozan, 1995; Debidur, 1933-1934; Potemkin, 1945-1946.

Montenegro at the Period of Protocol Diplomacy 1878-1908

Foreign affairs policy of Montenegro. Relationship of Montenegro with Great powers. International treaties. Foreign missions at Cetinje. Literature: Raspopović, 1996; Andrijašević, 2000; Perazić, Raspopović, 1992.

Habsburg Empire among National Movements and Attempts for Rearrangement

Introduction of dualism 1867. Croatian-Hungarian agreement 1868. Bosnia and Herzegovina 1878-1908. Serbs in Hungary. Austro-slavicism. Literature: Taylor, 2001; Šidak, Gross, Karaman, Šepić, 1968; Imamović, 1998.

End of the Osmanli Empire in Europe

Great powers and Osmanli empire 1878-1912. Balkan wars 1912-1913 (Serbia, Greece, Bulgaria). Formation of the Albanian state. Literature: Hammer, 1979; Kicikis, 1994; Ratković, Đurišić, Skoko, 1972; Malcolm, 1998.

Nationalism: Foundation of Political Goals 1908-1918

Great powers and annexation of BiH 1908. Montenegro and annexation crisis 1908. State idea and plans for expansion of the state. Literature: Raspopović, 1996; Andrijašević, 2000; Vukčević, 1985.

First World War: Collapse of European Empires and Creation of National States

Small countries in the plans of Great powers. German breakthrough to east. Formation of national states on the ruins of Habsburg empire (KSHS, Hungary, Czechoslovakia, Austria). Literature: Warren, 1922; Le role. . . 1921; Živojinović, 1996; Živojinović, 1998; Živojinović, 2000; Rastoder, 1997; Vujović, 1962.

Small Countries in Versailles Europe

Peace treaties. Question of national minorities. Yugoslavia. Entente Minor. Spanish Civil war. Literature: Popov, 1976; Mitrović, 1998; Petković, 1996; Thomson, 1980.

In the Maelstrom of the Second World War: Division of Spheres of Interest

Yugoslavia, Albania, Greece, Bulgaria. Literature: Petković, 1996; Petranović, 1988; Marjanović, Brajović, Mraović, 1969; Laker, 1999.

Neither East nor West (Both East and West)

Yugoslavia 1945-1989. Literature: Petranović, 1988; Laker, 1999; Petranović, 1998; Petranović, 1994.

Between Tradition and Modernization

Yugoslavia, Albania, Greece, Bulgaria. Literature: Pavlović, 2001; Todorova, 1999; Bartl, 2001; Klog, 2000; Stojanović, 1997; Petranović, 1988.

Selected Literature

Balkanski ugovorni odnosi 1878-1996, I-II, Priredio Momir Stojković, Beograd, 1998.
Pregled razvoja međunarodno-pravnih odnosa jugoslovenskih zemalja od 1800. do danas, I-II, Beograd, 1962.

Gavro Perazić, Radoslav Raspopović, Međunarodni ugovori Crne Gore 1878-1918, Zbornik dokumenata sa komentarom, Podgorica, 1992.

Radoslav M. Raspopović, Diplomacija Crne Gore 1711-1918, Podgorica, Beograd, 1996.

Međunarodno priznanje Crne Gore, Zbornik radova sa naučnog skupa, Podgorica, 1999.

Čedomir Popov, Od Versaja do Danciga, Beograd, 1976.

Branko Petranović, Istorija Jugoslavije 1918-1988, I-III, Beograd, 1988.

Branko Petranović, Jugoslavija na razmeđi (1945-1950), Podgorica, 1998.

Ranko Petković, XX vijek na Balkanu, Versaj, Jalta, Dejton, Beograd, 1996.

Đorđe Borozan, Velika Albanija, Porijeklo, ideje, praksa, Beograd, 1995.

Noel Malkolm, Kosovo, Kratka povijest, Sarajevo, 2000.

Čedomir Popov, Građanska Evropa, I-II, Matica srpska, Novi Sad, 1989.

Andrej Mitrović, Vreme netrpeljivih, Podgorica, 1998.

Mihail Geler, Aleksandar Negrič, Utopija na vlasti, Podgorica, 2000.

Mustafa Imamović, Historija Bošnjaka, Sarajevo, 1998.

J. Šidak, M. Gros, I. Karaman, D. Šepić, Povijest hrvatskog naroda 1860-1914, Zagreb, 1968.

Dragoljub Živojinović, Nevoljni saveznici 1914-1918, Beograd, 2000.
 Dragoljub Živojinović, Italija i Crna Gora 1914-1925, Beograd, 1998.
 Dragoljub Živojinović, Crna Gora u borbi za opstanak 1914-1922, Beograd 1996.
 Joseph von Hammer, Historija turskog (osmanskog) carstva, III, Zagreb, 1979.
 Luka Vukčević, Crna Gora u bosansko-hercegovačkoj krizi 1908-1909, Titograd, 1985.
 Dimitri Kicikis, Osmanlijsko carstvo, Beograd, 1999.
 Borislav Ratković, Mitar Đurišić, Savo Skoko, Srbija i Crna Gora u balkanskim ratovima 1912-1913, Beograd, 1972.
 Le role de la France dans l'annexion forcee du Montenegro, Documents officiels publies par Ministre des Affaires Etrangeres du Montenegro, Rome, 1921.
 Whitney Warren, Montenegro the crime of the peace conference, New York, 1922.
 S. K. Pavlović, Istorija Balkana, Beograd, 2001.
 V. Popović, Istočno pitanje, Istorijski pregled borbe oko opstanka Osmanlijske carevine u Levantu i na Balkanu, Beograd, 1996.
 V. Popović, Evropa i srpsko pitanje 1804-1918, Beograd.
 M. Vojvodić, Srbija u međunarodnim odnosima krajem XIX i početkom XX vijeka, Beograd, 1988.
 R. Klog, Istorija Grčke novoga doba, Beograd, 2000.
 P. Bartl, Albanci: od srednjeg veka do danas, Beograd, 2001.
 M. Todorova, Imaginarni Balkan, Beograd, 1999.
 T. Stojanović, Balkanski svetovi: prva i poslednja Evropa, Beograd, 1997.
 Branko Petranović, Sava Dautović, Jugoslavija, Velike sile i balkanske zemlje 1945-1948, Beograd, 1994.
 Kratka istorija Crne Gore 1496-1918, Priredio Živko Andrijašević, Bar, 2000.
 Balkan poslije Drugog svjetskog rata, Zbornik radova, ISI, Beograd, 1996.
 Dimitrije Đorđević, Nacionalne revolucije balkanskih naroda 1804-1914, Beograd, 1995.
 Trajan Stojanović, Balkanska civilizacija, Beograd, 1995.
 Evropa i istočno pitanje (1878-1923), Političke i civilizacijske promene, susret civilizacija na Balkanu, SANU, 2001.
 Milan Đ. Ristović, Njemački "Novi poredak" i Jugoistočna Evropa 1940/41-1944/45, Planovi o budućnosti i praksa, Beograd, 1991.

Prof. dr Milan Popović

European Integrations and Southeastern Europe

The Last European Periphery in a World-System Perspective

Course Duration: one (first) semester, fourteen weeks, one hour per week

Course Content

Epistemology and Ideology

Introduction. The Balkans, the last European periphery, a concrete transdisciplinary regional and historical study. Reference: Volerstin, 1997.

Epistemology. Mainstream and alternative epistemology: development, modernization, and democratization (economics, sociology, and political science) as a testing ground. References: Volerstin, 1997; Arrighi, 1990; Popović, 2001.

World-system analysis, its underlying premises: holistic (world-system) unit of analysis, transdisciplinarity, probabilism, multilinearism, and others. References: Prigogine and Stengers, 1984; Volerstin, 1997; Popović, 1996.

World-system analysis, its basic concepts: time and space, cyclical rhythms and secular trends, center, periphery, and semiperiphery, historical system, the modern world-system. References: Wallerstein, 1990; Popović, 1995, 1996.

Ideology. Mainstream and alternative ideologies, their genesis in the post-Cold War Balkan chaos, new social-Darwinist spectrum. References: Todorova, 1999; Chomsky, 1988; Popović, 2001.

Difficult Modernization

Different aspects of the process of difficult, semiperipheral, and late modernization: economic and political, material and cultural, internal and external ones (Montenegro, post-Yugoslav states, Southeastern Europe, EU). References: Braudel, 1981, 1982, 1984; Brodel, 2001; Stavrianos, 1958; Lampe and Jackson, 1982; Jelavich and Jelavich, 1977; Banac, 1988; Berend and Ranki, 1982; Berend, 2001; Martin, 1990; Arrighi, 1985.

Recurring anti-modern and violent reaction amidst the process of difficult modernization: vicious circle of economic and political poverty (misery, authoritarianism, violence) and ways out from it. References: Stojanović, 1997; Woodward, 1995; Bougarel, 1996; Novak-Pešec, 1989; Popov, 1996; Popović, 1994, 1996, 1997, 1998, 2002.

Montenegrin case of difficult modernization within the great post-Cold War change of Europe and world. References: Popović, 2000, 2000a, 2001.

Utopistics

Utopistics. Scientific legitimization of the utopistics. Alternative scenarios and choices for XXI century. Transition of what: nation-state, world-system, or both? References: Poper, 1993; Volerstein, 2000; Huntington, 1998; Fukujama, 1997; Falk, 1992.

The Balkans (Southeastern Europe) as a test case for Europe and world: in a search for a new historical system? References: Hodge and Grbin, 1996; Popović, 2001.

Selected Literature

- Arrighi**, Giovanni (1990). "The Developmentalist Illusion," in W. G. Martin, editor, *Semiperipheral States in the World-Economy*. Westport, Connecticut: Greenwood Press.
- Arrighi**, Giovanni, editor (1985). *Semiperipheral Development. The Politics of Southern Europe in the Twentieth Century*. Beverly Hills, London, New Delhi: SAGE.
- Banac**, Ivo (1988). *The National Question in Yugoslavia: Origins, History, Politics*. Ithaca, NY: Cornell University Press; prevedeno i kod nas.
- Berend**, Ivan T. (2001). *Srednja i istočna Evropa 1944-93: zabilaznim putem od periferije do periferije*. Podgorica: CID; original: (1996). *Central and Eastern Europe, 1944-1993: detour from the periphery to the periphery*. Cambridge, England: Cambridge University Press.
- Berend**, Ivan and **Ranki**, Gyorgy (1982). *The European periphery and industrialization 1780-1914*. Cambridge, England and Paris, France: Cambridge University Press and Editions de la Maison des Sciences de l'Homme.
- Bougarel**, Xavier (1996). *Bosnie: anatomie d'un conflit*. Paris: La Decouverte.
- Braudel**, Fernand (1981, 1982, 1984). *Civilization and Capitalism, 15th-18th Century*. Volume I, II, III. London: COLLINS.
- Brodel**, Fernan (2001). *Mediteran i mediteranski svijet u doba Filipa II*. Tom I, II. Podgorica: CID; Beograd: Geopoetika.
- Chomsky**, Noam (1988). *Language and Politics*. Montreal and New York: Black Rose Books. Interviews edited by C. P. Otero.
- Falk**, Richard (1992). *Explorations at the Edge of Time*. Philadelphia: Temple University Press.
- Fukujama**, Frensis (1997). *Kraj istorije i poslednji čovek*. Podgorica: CID; original: (1992). *The End of History and the Last Man*.
- Hodge**, Carole and **Grbin**, Mladen (1996). *A Test for Europe. Report: Confidence Building in Former Yugoslavia*. Glasgow: Institute of Russian and East European Studies of the University of Glasgow.
- Huntington**, Samuel P. (1998). *The Clash of Civilizations and the Remaking of World Order*. London: Touchstone; prevod na naš jezik: CID, Podgorica.
- Jelavich**, Charles and Barbara (1977). *The Establishment of the Balkan National States, 1804-1920*. London and Seattle: Washington University Press.
- Lampe**, John R. and **Jackson**, Marvin R. (1982). *Balkan Economic History, 1550-1950. From Imperial Borderlands to Developing Nations*. Bloomington, Indiana: Indiana University Press.
- Martin**, William G. (1990). *Semiperipheral States in the World-Economy*. Westport, Connecticut: Greenwood Press.
- Novak-Pešec**, Mojca (1989). "Slom jugoslovenskih elita modernizacije," *Sociologija*, Vol. XXXI, No. 2-3.
- Poper**, Karl R. (1993). *Otvoreno društvo i njegovi neprijatelji II*. Beograd: BIGZ.
- Popov**, Nebojša, priredio (1996). *Srpska strana rata: trauma i katarza u istorijskom pamćenju*. Beograd: Republika.
- Popović**, Milan (1994, 1996, 1997, 2000). *Balkanska postmoderna 1-4: Žargon periferije* (Podgorica: Samostalno izdanje), *Posle hladnog rata* (Bar: Kulturni centar), *Politički aparthejd* (Podgorica: Monitor), *Crnogorska alternativa* (Podgorica: Vijesti).
- Popović**, Milan (2001). *Montenegrin Mirror: Polity in Turmoil (1991-2001)*. Podgorica: Nansen Dialogue Center; especially articles: "Montenegrin Alternative: Transition,

Identity, State", "NATO Expansion and Balkan Testing Ground", "A Tadpole Transition and Its Alternatives", and "The Post-Cold War Balkan Chaos and New Ideological Order".

Popović, Milan (2000a). Prilozi za Crnogorsku enciklopediju Dukljanske akademije nauka i umjetnosti: Moderno doba; Modernizacija; Prostor i vreme; Neopatrijarhat; Posthladnoratovska era. U pripremi.

Popović, Milan (2002). Raslojavanje ništavila: ogleđ o neslobodi. U pripremi.

Popović, Milan (1995). *Ritam sveta: teorija svetskog sistema Imanuela Volerstina*. Podgorica: CID.

Prigogine, Ilya and Stengers, Isabelle (1984). *Order Out of Chaos*. Boulder, Colorado and New York: Shambhala Publications and Bantam Books.

Stavrianos, L. S. (1958). *The Balkans since 1453*. New York: Rinehart and Company.

Stojanović, Trajan (1997). *Balkanski svetovi: prva i poslednja Evropa*. Beograd: Equilibrium; original: Stoianovich, Traian (1994). *Balkan Worlds: The First and Last Europe*. Armonk, NY and London, England: M. E. Sharpe.

Todorova, Marija (1999). *Imaginarni Balkan*. Beograd: Čigoja, Biblioteka XX vek, urednik Ivan Čolović; original: (1997). *Imagining the Balkans*. Oxford and New York: Oxford University Press.

Volerstin, Immanuel (2000). *Utopistika. Ili: istorijski izbori dvadeset prvog veka*. Beograd: Republika; original: Wallerstein, Immanuel (1998). *Utopistics. Or Historical Choices of the Twenty-First Century*. New York: The Ney York Press.

Volerstin, Immanuel, i drugi (1997). *Kako otvoriti društvene nauke*. Izveštaj Gulbenkijanove komisije za restrukturisanje društvenih nauka. Podgorica: CID; original: Wallerstein, Immanuel, and others (1996). *Open the Social Sciences*. Report of the Gulbenkian Commission on the Restructuring of the Social Sciences. Stanford, CA: Stanford University Press.

Wallerstein, Immanuel (1990). *Kapitalizam istorijski sistem*. Titograd: CIID; original: (1987). *Historical Capitalism*. London: Verso.

Woodward, Susan L. (1995). *Balkan Tragedy: Chaos and Dissolution After the Cold War*. Washington, D.C.: The Brookings Institution.

Recommended Reading and Studing Priority

I) Volerstin, 1997; Stojanović, 1997; Berend, 2001; and II) Todorova, 1999; Woodward, 1995; Volerstin, 2000.

Comparative Postgraduate Courses

World-System Studies. Department of Sociology, State University New York (SUNY) at Binghamton, Binghamton, NY. Author: Professor Immanuel Wallerstein (ES8).

Southeast European Studies. Dubrovnik International University (DIU). Author: Professor Ivo Banac, Yale University, US (SEES2).

Southeast European Studies. European and International Relations Department, University of Athens (SEES5).

Visiting Professors

Immanuel Wallerstein, Director of the Fernand Braudel Center, SUNY, Binghamton, NY, and Distinguished Professor of Sociology, Yale University, CT, US.

Ivo Banac, Professor of History and Chair of the Council on European Studies, Yale University, CT, US.

Živko Surčulija, Professor of Sociology, University of Belgrade.

Prof. Dr. Šerbo Rastoder

European history 1945-1989

Changes, Directions, and Dynamics of Development of Society

Course Duration: one (second) semester, fourteen weeks, two hours per week

Course Content

Consequences of the war. Trial to collaborators of the occupying forces. Division of Europe. West European states in the first after-war years (Great Britain, France, Italy). USSR up to Stalin's death. Civil war in Greece. Sovietization of Eastern Europe (Poland, Hungary, Czechoslovakia, Romania, Bulgaria, Albania). Causes of Cold war. Rise of European socialism. Economic development of Europe after 1945 (industry, agriculture, traffic). Soviet economy. Industrialization of Eastern Europe. European culture. Creation of military blocks. Uprisings in Eastern Europe. Negotiations West-East 1960-1961. Berlin crisis. Europe and Cuban crisis. Students' protests 1968. Intervention of USSR in Czechoslovakia. West European countries from 1955 to 1972 (Great Britain, France, Germany, Italy, Spain, Benelux countries and Scandinavian countries, Austria, Switzerland and Greece). USSR after Stalin. Eastern Europe (East Germany, Poland, Hungary, Czechoslovakia, Romania). European economy 1970-1990. Occurrence of "greens". Foreign workers in the countries of Western Europe. Separatism and national minorities. Terrorism. Germany up to unification. Britain in the period of Margaret Thatcher. France after De Gaulle. Italy. Spain after Franco. Holland and Belgium. Scandinavian countries. USSR in the period of Brezhnev and Gorbachov. Eastern Europe up to the collapse of Berlin wall (Poland, Hungary, Eastern Germany, Czechoslovakia, Romania, Bulgaria, Albania). Collapse of communism (Eastern Germany, Hungary, Poland, Czechoslovakia, Romania, Bulgaria).

Selected Literature

Paul Kennedy, *Uspon i pad velikih sila, Ekonomska promena i ratovanje od 1500. do 2000. godine*, CID, Podgorica, 1999.

Berend Ivan T., *Srednja i istočna Evropa 1944-1993: Zaobilaznim putem od periferije do periferije*, Podgorica, CID, 1996; *Central and eastern Europe 1944-1993: detour from the periphery to periphery*, Cambridge, England: Cambridge University Press.

Mihael Geler, Aleksandar Negrič, *Utopija na vlasti: Istorija Sovjetskog Saveza*, CID, Podgorica, 2000.

Eric Hobsbawm, *Age of Extremes. The short History of the Twentieth century 1914-1991*, London, 1994.

Laker, Volter, *Istorija Evrope 1945-1992*, Beograd, 1999; Valter Laquer, *Europe in our time, a history 1945-1992*, Copyright 1992 by Walter Laquer.

Robert O. Paxton, *Europe in the Twentieth Century*, New York, 1975.

Michael Howard and Roger Louis, editors, *The Oxford History of the Twentieth Century*, Oxford, 1998.

The Columbia History of the 20th Century, New York, 1998.

Francis Fukujama, *Kraj istorije i poslednji čovjek*, CID, Podgorica, 1997.

Samuel P. Huntington, *Sukob civilizacija i preoblikovanje svetskog poretka*, CID,

Podgorica, 1998.

Fransoa Fire, Prošlost jedne iluzije, Komunizam u dvadesetom veku, Beograd, 1996.

Radoica Luburić, Pomirenje Jugoslavije i SSSR-a 1953-56, Podgorica, 1999.

Žan Rajmon Turnu, Generalova tragedija, Beograd, 1969.

Jan Patočka, Evropa i postevropsko doba, Beograd, 1995.

Mak Aarons, John Loftus, Pacovski kanali, Beograd, 1991.

First Choice Literature

Laker, Walter, Istorija Evrope 1945-1992, Beograd, 1999; Walter Laquer, Europe in our time: a history 1945-1992, Copyright 1992 by Walter Laquer.

Bernard Ivan T., Srednja i istočna Evropa 1944-1993: Zaobilaznim putem od periferije do periferije, Podgorica, CID, 1996; Central and eastern Europe 1944-1993: detour from the periphery to the periphery, Cambridge, England: Cambridge University Press.

Prof. dr. Milenko Popović

Principles of Macroeconomics

Course Duration: one (second) semester, fourteen weeks, two hours per week

Course Content

1. Basic Concepts and Indicators

What are the goals of macroeconomics: High rates of employment; Price stability; Adequate economic growth; What are the key macroeconomic measures of these goals; The Components of GDP and the Circular Flow of Income; The owners of the factors of production.

2. The Aggregate Demand Schedule / Aggregate Expenditures

A Closer look at the determinants of aggregate demand: Consumer; Investment spending; Government spending; Net Exports; The slope of the aggregate expenditures function / The intercept of the aggregate expenditures function; Deriving the aggregate demand schedule; The slope of the aggregate demand schedule; Changes in aggregate demand; The multiplier.

3. The Aggregate Supply Schedule(s)

The determinants of long run aggregate supply; The short run aggregate supply curve; Factors shifting the aggregate supply schedule(s); Economic Growth; New Growth Theory.

4. Recessionary and Inflationary Gaps and the Achievement of Long-Run Equilibrium

The response to recessionary gaps; The response to inflationary gaps.

5. The Role of the Banking System and Money Creation

Banks and the role of financial intermediaries; A bank's balance sheet; Excess reserves, fractional reserve requirement, and money creation; The deposit multiplier.

6. The Central Bank and the Supply of Money

Structure of the Central banks (Federal reserve); Powers of the Central banks.

7. Financial Markets and the Demand for Money (versus other Financial Assets)

The bond market and macroeconomic performance; The foreign exchange market and macroeconomic performance; The demand for money (motives for holding money); Effect of changes in the money market on macroeconomic performance.

8. Monetary Policy and the Central banks

The goals of monetary policy; The central role of controlling inflation; How monetary policy affects macroeconomic variables; Problems and controversies of monetary policy.

9. Inflation and Unemployment in the Short-Run. The NAIRU controversy

The Phillips Curve in the 1960s; The Phillips Curve goes away in 1970; The Cycle of Inflation and Unemployment; Explaining the Inflation-Unemployment Cycle.

10. Inflation and Unemployment in the Long Run

Determinants of NAIRU and relationship to productivity growth; Changes in money growth, money velocity, and inflation rate; Inflation rates and economic growth; Unemployment in the long run.

11. Fiscal Policy and the Economy

Government Spending and Revenues; Fiscal Policy for Stabilization; Issues in Fiscal Policy; The Impact of the National Debt; Budget surplus and deficit.

12. The Fundamentals of International Trade. The Global Economy, or Not?

The Case for Trade; Net Exports and the Economy.

13. International Finance

An International Stock Market Contagion? The International Balance of Payments; Balance of Payments Accounts. Factors Affecting the Exchange Market; The Big Mac Index; Deficits and Surpluses: Good or Bad?

14. Exchange Rate Systems

Free-Floating Systems; Managed Float Systems; Fixed Exchange Rates; Fixed Exchange Rates Through Intervention; Problems with Fixed Exchange Rate Systems; Important readings to understand global issues; The IS-LM Model in an Open Economy.

15. Fiscal and Monetary Policy in an Open Economy

The Impact of Fiscal Policy in an Open Economy; The Impact of Monetary Policy in an Open Economy.

Selected Literature

Abel, A. (1990): "Consumption and Investment"; in **Friedman, B.F. and Hahn, F.:** *Handbook on Monetary Economics*; Amsterdam, North Holland; Vol 2, pp. 726-778.

Babic, M. (2001): *Makroekonomska analiza*; 4th edition, MATE, Zagreb.

Bean, C.R. (1994): "European Unemployment: A Survey"; *Journal of Economic Literature*; 32, pp. 573-619.

Blackburn, K., Cristensen, M. (1989): "Monetary Policy and Policy Credibility: Theory and Evidence"; *Journal of Economic Literature*; 27, pp. 1-45.

Dixon H.D., Rankin, N. (1995): "Imperfect Competition and Macroeconomics: A Survey"; in **Dixon, H.D., Rankin, N.:** *The New Macroeconomics*; Cambridge University Press; Cambridge; pp. 34-62.

Dornbusch, R., Giovannini, A. (1990): "Monetary Policy in the Open Economy"; in **Friedman, B.F. and Hahn, F.:** *Handbook on Monetary Economics*; Amsterdam, North Holland; Vol 2, pp.1232-1303.

Grosman, G.M., Helpman, E. (1991): *Innovation and Growth in an Open Economy*; Cambridge, MIT Press.

- Krugman, P., Obstfeld, M. (2000):** *International Economics: Theory and Policy*; (5th edition)
- Lucas, R.E. (1973):** “Some International Evidences on Output-Inflation Tradeoffs”; *The American Economic Review*; 63, pp 326-334.
- MacCallum, B.T (1989):** “Real Business Cycle Models”; in **R. Baro (ed):** *Modern Busines Cycle Theory*; Cambridge, Harward University Press; pp. 16-50.
- Mankiw, N.G. (1990):** “The Quick Refresher Course in Macroeconomics””; *Journal of Economic Litherature*; pp. 1645-1660.
- Mankiw, N.G. (1995):** “The Growth of Nations”; *Brooking Papers on Economic Activity*, 1, pp. 275-326.
- Romer, D. (1993):** “The New Keynesian Synthesis”; *Journal of Economic Perspective*; 7, pp. 5-22.
- Romar, P.M. (1994):** “The Origins of Endogenous Growth”; *Journal of Economic Perspective*, 8, pp. 3-22.
- Seater, J.J. (1993):** “Ricardian Equivalence”; *Journal of Economic Literature*; 31, pp. 142-190.
- Taylor, M.P. (1995):** ”The Economics of Exchange Rates”; *Journal of Economic Literature*; 33, pp. 13-47.

Recommended Reading and Studing Priority

- Babic, M., (2001):** *Makroekonomska analiza*; 4th edition, MATE, Zagreb.
- Krugman, P., Obstfeld, M. (2000):** *International Economics: Theory and Policy*; (5th edition)

Comparative Postgraduate Courses

MA in Economics, Department of Economics, University of Toronto, Course: *Macroeconomic Theory*.

Visiting Professors

Professor Dr. Ljubomir Madzar, University of Belgrade.
Professor Dr. Pavle Petrovic, University of Belgrade.

Docent Dr. Srđan Darmanović and Professor Dr. Milan Popović

Comparative European Politics

Course Duration: one (second) semester, fourteen weeks, two hours per week

Course Content

Subject and Method (M. Popović)

Comparative Politics and Comparative European Politics. Traditional political philosophy and modern political science. Processes and problems of modernization and democratization. Comparative Politics: subject and method; comparative method; comparative analysis and world-system analysis. Comparative European Politics as a part of Comparative Politics. The main concepts and problems: political processes; political institutions; political cultures; political systems; state and society. References: Almond and Powell, 1992; Wiarda, 1991; Jovanović, Dimitrijević i Popović, 1998.

Classifications and Typologies After the Cold-War. Liberal and non-liberal political systems; central and peripheral countries; parliamentarism and presidentialism. The XX century totalitarianisms: communism and fascism; post-totalitarian societies and systems. Europe and world after the Cold War: continuities and discontinuities; historical legacies and future perspectives; divided Europe and united Europe; comparative study and study of integration. Two faces of the post-Cold War Europe: Europe of relatively old and stable liberal democracies and Europe of relatively new and unstable postcommunist societies and transitions. References: Brezinski, 1989; Fire, 1996; Nolte, 1990; Peters, 1991; Popović, 1996.

Liberal Democracies (S. Darmanović)

Universal and Unique. Is liberal democracy universal potential and future of all countries of the world or only an endemic virtue and achievement of Euro-Atlantic civilization: two extreme and one middle-of-the-road answers; universal and specific experiences and elements; Euro-centrism and latent racism. European experience of totalitarianism: liberalism and totalitarianism; difficult modernization and anti-modernizing reaction; fascism and communism; post-totalitarian democratic engineering. References: Fukujama, 1997; Dal, 1999; Poper, 1993.

Country Studies: Four Paradigmatic Cases. Politics in United Kingdom. Politics in France. Politics in Germany. Politics in Switzerland. References: Almond and Powell, 1992; Sartori, 1994; Jovanović, Dimitrijević i Popović, 1998.

Postcommunist Societies (S. Darmanović)

Problems of Postcommunism. Modernization and democratization. Political science and democratic engineering. Democratic transitions and consolidations. Postcommunist transitions and consolidations. The main concepts and problems of democratic and especially of postcommunist transitions and consolidations: political processes; political institutions; political cultures; problems, factors, actors; reform and anti-reform mobilizations; aggressive nationalism; international factor. References: Huntington, 1991; Poper, 1993; Banac, 1992; Darmanović, 1995; Schopflin, 1992, 1994.

Comparative Postcommunism. Comparing most notable experiences and models of democratic and especially of postcommunist transitions and consolidations: post-Nazi

Germany, South America, and South Europe after the Second World War; Eastern (Czechoslovakia, Poland, Hungary) and Southeastern Europe (post-Yugoslav countries, Romania, Bulgaria, Albania) after the Cold War; post-Yugoslav wars: blocking and delaying transition; Montenegrin case. References: O'Donnell, Schmitter, and Whitehead, 1986; Linc i Stepan, 1998; Mainwaring, O'Donnell, and Valenzuela, 1992; Pavićević, 1998; Radonjić, 1998; Trkulja, 1993.

Selected Literature

- Almond**, Gabriel A. and **Powell**, Bingham G, general editors (1992). *Comparative Politics Today: A World View*. New York, NY: Harper Collins Publishers.
- Almond**, Gabriel and **Verba**, Sidney, editors (1989). *The Civic Culture Revisited*. Newbury Park, CA: Sage.
- Arrighi**, Giovanni, editor (1985). *Semiperipheral Development: The Politics of Southern Europe in the Twentieth Century*. Beverly Hills: SAGE.
- Banac**, Ivo, editor (1992). *Eastern Europe in Revolution*. Ithaca/London: Cornell University Press.
- Berend**, Ivan T. (1996). *Central and Eastern Europe, 1945-1993: detour from the periphery to the periphery*. Cambridge, England: Cambridge University Press; prevedeno i kod nas: (2001). *Centralna i Istočna Evropa*. Podgorica: CID.
- Brezezinski**, Zbigniew (1989). *The Grand Failure: The Birth and Death of Communism in the Twentieth Century*. New York: Scribner's.
- Dal**, Robert (1999). *Demokratija i njeni kritičari*. Podgorica: CID.
- Darmanović**, Srđan (1995). *Real-socijalizam: anatomija sloma*. Podgorica: Montenegropublic.
- Fire**, Fransoa (1996). *Prošlost jedne iluzije: komunizam u dvadesetom veku*. Beograd: Paideia.
- Friedrich**, Carl J. (1974). *Limited Government: A Comparison*. Englewood Cliffs, N.J.: Prentice-Hall.
- Fukujama**, Frensis (1997). *Kraj istorije i poslednji čovek*. Podgorica: CID.
- Holmes**, Stephen (1993/1994). "The Postcommunist Presidency," *East European Constitutional Review*, Fall/Winter, 36-39.
- Huntington**, Samuel P. (1991). *The Third Wave*. Oklahoma: University Oklahoma Press.
- Inglehart**, Ronald (1990). *Culture Shift in Advanced Industrial Society*. Princeton, N.J.: Princeton University Press.
- Jovanović**, Pavle, **Dimitrijević**, Nenad i **Popović**, Milan (1998). *Savremeni politički sistemi*. Podgorica: Univerzitet Crne Gore.
- Lijphart**, Arend (1984). *Democracies: Patterns of Majorities and Consensus Governments in Twenty-One Countries*. New Haven, CT: Yale University Press.
- Linc**, Huan i **Stepan**, Alfred, urednici (1998). *Demokratske tranzicije i konsolidacije*. Beograd: Filip Višnjić.
- Linz**, Juan J. and **Valenzuela**, A., editors (1994). *The Failure of Presidential Democracy*. Baltimore/London: The John Hopkins University Press.
- Macridis**, Roy C. and **Brown**, Bernard E., editors (1990). *Comparative Politics: Notes and Readings*. Pacific Grove, California: Brooks/Cole Publishing Company.

Mainwaring, Scott, **O'Donnell**, Guillermo, and **Valenzuela**, A., editors (1992). *Issues in Democratic Consolidation*. Indiana: University of Notre Dame Press.

Moore, Barrington (1966). *Social Origins of Dictatorship and Democracy*. Boston: Beacon.

Nolte, Ernst (1990). *Fašizam u svojoj epohi*. Beograd: Prosveta.

O'Donnell, Guillermo, **Schmitter**, Philippe, and **Whitehead**, Laurence, editors (1986). *Transitions from Authoritarian Rule: Prospects for Democracy I-IV*. Baltimore/London: The John Hopkins University Press and The Woodrow Wilson Center.

Pavićević, Veselin (1998). *Izbori i izborni sistemi u Crnoj Gori 1990-1996*. Podgorica: CID.

Peters, Guy B. (1991). *European Politics Reconsidered*. New York: Holmes and Meier.

Poper, Karl R. (1993). *Otvoreno društvo i njegovi neprijatelji II*. Beograd: BIGZ.

Popović, Milan (1996). *Posle hladnog rata*. Bar: Kulturni centar.

Putnam, Robert D. (1976). *The Comparative Study of Political Elites*. Englewood Cliffs, NJ: Prentice-Hall.

Radonjić, Radovan (1998). *Tranzicije*. Podgorica: CID.

Remington, Thomas F., editor (1994). *Parliaments in Transition*. Boulder, Colorado: Westview Press.

Sartori, Giovanni (1994). *Comparative Constitutional Engineering*. London: MacMillan.

Schopflin, George (1992). *Politics in Eastern Europe 1945-1992*. Oxford: Blackwell Publishers.

Schopflin, George (1994). "Postcommunism: The Problems of Democratic Construction," *Daedalus*, Summer, 127-141.

Trkulja, Jovica (1993). *Osvajanje demokratije: ogleđ o postkomunizmu*. Beograd: Izdavačka agencija Draganić.

Wiarda, Howard J., editor (1991). *New Directions in Comparative Politics*. Boulder, Colorado: Westview Press.

Recommended Priority

I) Almond and Powel, 1992; O'Donnell, Schmitter, and Whitehead, 1986; Schopflin, 1992, 1994; Jovanović, Dimitrijević i Popović, 1998; II) Dal, 1999; Linc i Stepan, 1998; Brezezinski, 1989; Sartori, 1994.

Comparative Courses

Comparative European Politics. A Core Curriculum for European Studies in South Eastern Europe. Center for European Integration Studies, University of Bonn, Germany.

Comparative Politics. Department of Political Sciences, University of Missouri-Columbia, Columbia, MO, USA.

Comparative Politics. Department of Political Sciences, State University of New York (SUNY) at Binghamton, Binghamton, NY, USA.

World-System Studies. Department of Sociology, State University of New York (SUNY) at Binghamton, Binghamton, NY, USA.

Visiting Professors

Pavle Jovanović, University of Novi Sad.

Nenad Dimitrijević, Central European University (CEU), Budapest.

Vučina Vasović, Department of Political Sciences, University of Belgrade.

Robin Remington, Department of Political Sciences, University of Missouri-Columbia,
Columbia, MO, USA.

Prof. dr. Nebojša Vučinić

The Law of the European Union I

Basis of Law of European Communities

Course duration: one (second) semester, fourteen weeks, two hours per week

Course Content

I. European Communities and EU

Origins, aims, development and main characteristics; Political, economic and social background of Communities origins; types of Communities, ECSC, EUROATOM, EEC/EC; characteristics of integration processes; institutional building, territorial and functional widening; objectives and means of fulfillment; legal personality of EC.

Evolution of “constitutional” solutions; founding treaties and their amending/updating; Treaty of ECSE, EUROATOM, EEC Roma Treaty; Unique European Act; Maastricht Treaty; Amsterdam Treaty; development tendencies.

EU citizenship; EU Rights; Relationship between EC and State members; principle of subsidiarity; principle of loyalty–solidarity; “federal clause”; proportionality-rationality principle.

Main features of legal and political framework of EU/EC; international v. national; federalism v. confederalism; state sovereignty and jurisdiction of EU/EC; idea on legal-political polycentrism; *sui generis* personality of International Law.

II. Organs, Institutional Framework, Authorities, and Decision Making Process

Authorities; principle of “transferred” authorities; concept of implicit authorities; action based on Art. 308 and Art. 235; *Acquis communautaire*.

Political institutions; European Council; Council of Ministers; European Commission; European Parliament; Economic-Social Committee; Committee of regions.

Other institutions; Accounting Court; European Investment Bank; European Monetary Institute; European Central Bank; European System of Central Banks; Advisory and Expert Bodies.

Legislative Procedure; Procedure of adopting legal acts; self-decision making procedure; compromise building; cooperation and consultation procedure; consensus building procedure.

European Court; First Instance Court; jurisdiction and procedure.

Financing of Communities; budget; legal framework and evolution.

III. Law: Nature, Instruments, Interpretation, Enforcement

International Legal perspective, supranationality.

Communities and EU Law.

Specific legal order; limitations of national sovereignty.

Supremacy, preemption, direct enforcement, direct influence; vertical, horizontal aspect.

Basic principals; Human Rights; Legal security; proportionality; prohibition of discrimination.

Sources; prior sources; secondary sources; legal binding acts and “soft law”; kinds of acts; decrees, decisions, directives, resolutions and other acts; conventions of Communities; general principals of national law; international law as secondary/indirect source; European Court practice.

Harmonization of laws; negative and positive aspect, minimal and maximal harmonization; concept of competitive legal regimes.

European Court and protection of Communities Law; judicial review, act to be controlled; procedure, consequences, illegality objection, indirect judicial review; compensation responsibility of Communities.

Enforcement of Communities Law; Communities’ legislative and national implementation; principal of cooperation in enforcement process; principal of effective enforcement of Communities Law.

IV. Law: Area of EU functioning (cooperation and coordination)

Common Market, four basic freedoms; freedom of movement of goods; custom tariffs and other finance limits; contingent limits; freedom of service circulation; professional and enterprising performing; freedom of movement of employees; freedom of movement of capital and mechanism of payments.

Economic and Monetary Union, Market competition; agreed limitations of free market competitions; monopoly activity and state subventions.

Sector perspective, common policies; agriculture, fishery, energy, industry, researches and technological development; coal and steel, ESCE; atomic energy, EUROATOM.

Regional development, social policy and labor market; protection of environment; protection of consumers; public health, culture, tourism, sport, media.

EU policies, the second and third pillar of EU; Foreign policy and security; judiciary and internal affairs.

Basic Literature

- Kapteyn, P. J. G. and VerLoren van Themaat, P., Introduction to the Law of the European Communities, From Maastricht to Amsterdam, 3rd edition, Kluwer Law International, London, 1998.
- Lasok and Bridge, Law and Institutions of the European Union, 6th edition, London 1994.
- J. Shaw, Law of the European Union, London 1996.
- D. Chalmers, European Union Law, Volume I, 1998, Aldershot et al.
- T. C. Hartley, The Foundation of European Community Law, 4th edition, Oxford University Press, 1998.
- R. Vukadinović, Pravo Evropske unije, Beograd 1996.
- R. Vukadinović, Evropska ekonomska zajednica: institucije, Beograd, 1991.
- Craig, Grainne, EU Law: Text, Cases, and Materials, Oxford University Press, 1999.

Prof. dr Milan Popović

The Dissolution of Former Yugoslavia and Beyond

Course Duration: one (second) semester, fourteen weeks, one hour per week

Course Content

Understanding the Dissolution

Introduction. Yugoslavia, a complex contradiction: genesis, development, and dissolution. Factors: one or more; economic, social, political, and ethnic ones; internal and external ones; error, conspiracy, or "chemistry"; ideology and epistemology. References: Brodel, 2001; Stoianovich, 1994; Berend, 1996; Banac, 1988; Popov, 1990. *Dialectics of (Dis)integration.* Globalization versus fragmentation. After the Cold War: continuity and discontinuity; local and international aspect; Balkan neofascism and international realcapitalism. Too little, too late, inadequate? Catastrophic short-termism? Unholy alliance? Cascading disintegration: beginning of the process in 1991, partition of Bosnia and Herzegovina 1992-95, Dayton Peace Accords 1995, Kosovo intervention 1999. References: Huntington, 1998; Bugajski, 1993; Woodward, 1995; Bougarel, 1996; Novak-Pešec, 1989; Mastnak, 1996; Popov, 1996.

After the Dissolution: Lessons and Alternatives

Lessons. Global resonance and significance of Post-Yugoslav affairs: ideology and (geo) politics; negative and positive side. The main lesson for all: a collapse of an old realpolitik, a plea for a new realism. One open question: learning capacity and capability? *Alternatives.* Post-Yugoslav mess, test for Europe and world. Unfinished peace, unstable security, unsolved disputes: Bosnia and Herzegovina, Serbia, Kosovo, Macedonia, Montenegro. Montenegrin state issue and regional stability. Current European perspectives and alternatives: the Stability Pact for South Eastern Europe, the EU Stabilization and Association Process for the Western Balkans, and the Partnership for Peace. References: Giddens, 2000; Todorova, 1997; Wallerstein, 1998; Tindemans, 1996; Hodge and Grbin, 1996; Vukadinović, 2001; Popović, 2001.

Selected Literature

Arrighi, Giovanni, editor (1985). *Semiperipheral Development*. The Politics of Southern Europe in the Twentieth Century. Beverly Hills, London, New Delhi: SAGE.

Banac, Ivo (1988). *The National Question in Yugoslavia: Origins, History, Politics*. Ithaca, NY: Cornell University Press; prevedeno i kod nas.

Berend, Ivan T. (1996). *Central and Eastern Europe, 1944-1993: detour from the periphery to the periphery*. Cambridge, England: Cambridge University Press; prevedeno i kod nas: (2001). *Centralna i istočna Evropa*. Podgorica: CID.

Bougarel, Xavier (1996). *Bosnie: anatomie d'un conflit*. Paris: La Decouverte.

Braudel, Fernand (1981, 1982, 1984). *Civilization and Capitalism, 15th-18th Century*. Volume I, II, III. London: COLLINS.

Brodel, Fernan (2001). *Mediteran i mediteranski svijet u doba Filipa II*. Tom I, II. Podgorica: CID; Beograd: Geopoetika.

- Bugajski**, Janusz (1993). *Nations in Turmoil*. Boulder, Colorado and Oxford, England: Westview Press.
- Fukujama**, Francis (1997). *Kraj istorije i poslednji čovek*. Podgorica: CID; original: (1992). *The End of History and the Last Man*.
- Giddens**, Anthony (2000). *The Third Way and its Critics*. Cambridge: Polity Press.
- Glenny**, Misha (1993). *The Fall of Yugoslavia: The Third Balkan War*. New York: Penguin.
- Hodge**, Carole and **Grbin**, Mladen (1996). *A Test for Europe. Report: Confidence Building in Former Yugoslavia*. Glasgow: Institute of Russian and East European Studies of the University of Glasgow.
- Huntington**, Samuel P. (1998). *The Clash of Civilizations and the Remaking of World Order*. London: Touchstone; prevedeno i kod nas: *Sukob civilizacija i preoblikovanje svetskog poretka*. Podgorica: CID.
- Jelavich**, Charles and Barbara (1977). *The Establishment of the Balkan National States, 1804-1920*. London and Seattle: Washington University Press.
- Lampe**, John R. and **Jackson**, Marvin R. (1982). *Balkan Economic History, 1550-1950. From Imperial Borderlands to Developing Nations*. Bloomington, Indiana: Indiana University Press.
- Martin**, William G. (1990). *Semiperipheral States in the World-Economy*. Westport, Connecticut: Greenwood Press.
- Mastnak**, Tomaž (1996). "Fascists, Liberals, and Anti-Nationalism," in R. Capland and J. Faffer, editors, *Europe's New Nationalism*. New York and Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 59-74.
- Novak-Pešec**, Mojca (1989). "Slom jugoslovenskih elita modernizacije," *Sociologija*, Vol. XXXI, No. 2-3.
- Popov**, Nebojša (1990). *Sukobi*. Beograd: CFDT.
- Popov**, Nebojša and **Gojković**, Drinka, editors (2000). *The Road to War in Serbia*. Budapest: Central European University Press; original: **Popov**, Nebojša, priredio (1996). *Srpska strana rata: trauma i katarza u istorijskom pamćenju*. Beograd: Republika.
- Popović**, Milan (1994, 1996, 1997, 2000). *Balkanska postmoderna 1-4: Žargon periferije* (Podgorica: Samostalno izdanje), *Posle hladnog rata* (Bar: Kulturni centar), *Politički aparthejd* (Podgorica: Monitor), *Crnogorska alternativa* (Podgorica: Vijesti).
- Popović**, Milan (2001). *Montenegrin Mirror: Polity in Turmoil (1991-2001)*. Podgorica: Nansen Dialogue Center; especially articles: "Montenegrin Alternative: Transition, Identity, State", "Yugoslav Disintegration in a World-System Perspective", "After the Collapse", "NATO Expansion and Balkan Testing Ground", "Unholy Alliance", "A Tadpole Transition and Its Alternative", and "The Post-Cold War Balkan Chaos and New Ideological Order".
- Prigogine**, Ilya and **Stengers**, Isabelle (1984). *Order Out of Chaos*. Boulder, Colorado and New York: Shambhala Publications and Bantam Books.
- Sharp**, Jane M. O. (1997/98). "Dayton Report Card," *International Security*, Vol. 22, No. 3, Winter, pp. 101-137.
- Stavrianos**, L. S. (1958). *The Balkans since 1453*. New York: Rinehart and Company.
- Stoianovich**, Traian (1994). *Balkan Worlds: The First and Last Europe*. Armonk, NY and London, England: M. E. Sharpe; prevedeno i kod nas: (1997). *Balkanski svetovi: prva i poslednja Evropa*. Beograd: Equilibrium.

Tindemans, Leo et al. (1996). *Unfinished Peace*. Washington, D.C.: Carnegie Endowment for International Peace; prevedeno i kod nas: (1997). *Nedovršeni mir*. Izveštaj međunarodne komisije za Balkan. Zagreb: Hrvatski helsinški odbor za ljudska prava; Sarajevo: Pravni centar FOD BiH.

Todorova, Marija (1997). *Imagining the Balkans*. Oxford and New York: Oxford University Press; prevedeno i kod nas: (1999). *Imaginarni Balkan*. Beograd: Čigoja.

Vukadinović, Radovan (2001). "Nestabilna sigurnost jugoistoka Evrope," *Međunarodne studije*, Zagreb, Vol. 1. I., strana 7-24.

Wallerstein, Immanuel (1998). *Utopistics. Or Historical Choices of the Twenty-First Century*. New York: The New York Press; prevedeno i od nas: (2000). *Utopistika*. Ili: Istorijski izbori dvadeset prvog veka. Beograd: Republika.

Weber, Max (1965). *Politics as a Vocation*. Philadelphia: Fortress Press.

Woodward, Susan L. (1995). *Balkan Tragedy: Chaos and Dissolution After the Cold War*. Washington, D.C.: The Brookings Institution.

Recommended Reading and Studing Priority

I) Banac, 1988; Stoianovich, 1994; Tindemans, 1996; Woodward, 1995; i II) Berend, 1996; Bougarel, 1996; Hodge and Grbin, 1996; Popov, 1996; Popović, 2001.

Comparative Postgraduate Courses

The Dissolution of Former Yugoslavia and Beyond. A Core Curriculum for European Studies in South Eastern Europe. Center for European Integration Studies, University of Bonn, Germany.

Visiting Professors

Carole Hodge, Head of Research and Study, South East European Research Unit, University of Glasgow, Scotland, UK.

Orjan Sturesjo, Department of East European Studies, Uppsala University, Sweden.

Rastko Močnik, School of Philosophy, Ljubljana University, Slovenia.

Živko Surčulija, Professor of Sociology, University of Belgrade.

Dr. Nebojša Popov

Trauma and Catharsis in Historical Memory

Serbian and German Experience

Course Duration: one (second) semester, fourteen weeks, one hour per week

Course Content

The Destruction and Creation of a State

The War for Nation-States

Yugoslavia as a Misconception

Traumatology of a One-Party State

Roots of the Trauma

Flight from Modernization

An Uneasy View of the City

Unelucidated Genocide

Who is Exploiting Whom

Kosovo Within Collective Memory

Moving Out of Kosovo

Ideological Bearing

The Church and the "Serbian Question"

Misuse of the Authority of Science

The University in an Ideological Shell

Trauma Without Catharsis

Populist Wave Literature

Soccer, Hooligans, and War

Political Mobilization

Conflicts Surrounding the 1974 Constitution

The Ruling Party

Traumatic Circle of the Serbian Opposition

An Alternative to War

The Army's Use of Trauma

Media War

"Politika" in the Nationalistic Storm

The Electronic Media's About-Face

Nation-Victim and Retaliation

The Nationalization of Everyday Events

Conflict and Compromise

The Yugoslav Crisis and the International Community

Reconciliation and Forgiveness in Ireland

Denazification in Germany

The Problems of German-German Unification

Selected Literature

- Biro**, Mikloš (1994). *Psihologija postkomunizma*. Beograd: Beogradski krug.
- Brown**, Michael (1993). *Ethnic Conflict and International Security*. Princeton: Princeton University Press.
- Dinkić**, Mlađan (1995). *Ekonomija destrukcije: velika pljačka naroda*. Beograd: VIN.
- Gagnon**, V. P. JR (1994). "Serbia's Road to War," *Journal of Democracy*, 5, No. 2, April.
- Lazić**, Mladen i drugi (1994). *Razaranje društva*. Beograd: Filip Višnjić.
- Meinecke**, Friedrich (1946). *Die deutsche Katastrophe. Betrachtungen und Erinnerungen*. Wiesbaden.
- Perović**, Latinka (1993). "Yugoslavia was defeated from inside," in S. Biserko, ed., *Yugoslavia: Collapse, War, Crimes*. Belgrade: Center for Antiwar Action, Belgrade Circle.
- Popov**, Nebojša (1983). *Društveni sukobi: izazov sociologiji*. Beograd: CFDT.
- Popov**, Nebojša, priredio (1996). *Srpska strana rata: trauma i katarza u istorijskom pamćenju*. Beograd: Republika.
- Tilly**, Charles (1994). "States and Nationalism in Europe, 1492-1992," *Theory and Society*, 23, No. 1, February.
- Woodward**, Susan L. (1995). *Balkan Tragedy: Chaos and Dissolution after the Cold War*. Washington, D. C.: The Brookings Institution.
- Zbornik Druga Srbija** (1992). Beograd: Beogradski krug.
- Zbornik Zivilisationsbruch. Denken nach Auschwitz** (1968). Adorno, Arendt, Bloch, Horkheimer, Kracauer, Lowenthal, Marcuse, Neuman, Benjamin. Frankfurt/M: Fisher Verlag.

Recommended Reading and Studying Priority

- Popov, Nebojša, priredio (1996). *Srpska strana rata: trauma i katarza u istorijskom pamćenju*. Beograd: Republika.

Docent Dr. Veselin Pavićević

Comparative Elections

Elections and Electoral Systems in Europe and South East Europe

Course Duration: one (second) semester, fourteen weeks, one hour per week

Course Content

1. Introduction to the Subject of the Course

1.1. The Concepts of Elections

Elections as a political process and the basis for legitimizing authority

Instrumental concept of elections

Functional concept of elections

1.2. The Meaning of Elections

Elections in totalitarian systems

Elections in authoritarian systems

Elections in democratic systems

1.3. The Functions of Elections

The functions of non-competitive elections

The functions of semi-competitive elections

The functions of competitive elections

2. The Main Types of Electoral Systems

Pluralistic – majority electoral systems

Mixed electoral systems

Proportional electoral systems

3. Representative Electoral Systems

Great Britain

France

United States of America

Germany

Scandinavian countries

European Union

4. Elections and Electoral Systems in the SEE Countries

Comparative analysis

4.1. The Criteria for Creating an Electoral System

Representation achieved through parliament/geographic and functional-social representation

4.2. Particular Parliamentary Considerations

Participation of women

Participation of minorities: Electoral incentives for interethnic tolerance

Participation of communities

4.3. The Political Effects of Electoral Systems

Distributive elements of the system

Condition analysis

Selected Literature

The literature contains a selection of works concerned with the issues related to elections, i.e. electoral systems. The literature also includes monographs, studies, and collections of papers dealing exclusively with the contents of the specialized course, as well as a number of studies concerning the general questions on democracy relevant for this particular purpose.

- ALMOND, G. – VERBA, S.**, *The Civic Culture*, Princeton, 1963.
- AMY, J. D.**, *Real Choices / New Voices*, New York, 1993.
- ANTOLJAK, D.S.**, *The Political System of the United States – Foundations and Forms*, Zagreb, 1983.
- ANTOLJAK, D.S.**, *The Electoral System of Finland*, “Political Thought”, Zagreb, 1990, No. 2.
- ANTOLJAK, D.S.**, *The System of Proportional Representation*, “Our Themes”, Zagreb, 1990, No. 6.
- AUSTEN, S.D. – BANKS, J.**, *Monotonicity in Electoral Systems*, American Political Science Review, 1991.
- BAKER, B. D.**, *Political Quotations – A Collection of Notable Sayings on Politics from Antiquity throughout 1989*, Detroit, 1990.
- BERGHE, G. V. D.**, *Political Rights for European Citizens*, Cornwall, 1982.
- BOBIO, N.**, *The Future of Democracy – A Defense of the Rules of the Game*, “Filip Visnjic”, Belgrade, 1990.
- BOBIO, N.**, *State, Government, Society / For the General Theory of Politics*, Cetinje, 1995.
- BOGDANOR, V. – BATLER, D.**, *Democracy and Elections – Electoral Systems and Their Political Consequences*, Cambridge, 1983.
- BOT, A.**, *Election Laws and Practices – Political Rights*, London, 1990.
- BRAMS, J. S. – FISHBURN, C. P.**, *Approval Voting*, American Political Science Review, 1978.
- CALVERT, P.**, *An Introduction to Comparative Politics*, Padstow, 1993.
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- DAL, A. R.**, *Problems of a Pluralistic Democracy*, Belgrade, 1994.
- DIMITRIJEVIC, N.**, *German Parliamentarism*, Belgrade, 1992.
- DUVERGER, M.**, *An Introduction to Politics*, Belgrade, 1966.
- DUVERGER, M.**, *Janus of the Two Faces of the West*, Zagreb, 1980.
- DUMMET, M.**, *Voting Procedures*, Oxford, 1984.
- DJANKOVIC, D.**, *The Two-Party System in the USA*, Zagreb, 1964.
- GRDESIC, I.**, *Functional Analysis of Election Procedures*, Zagreb, 1987.
- GOATI, V.**, *Political Parties and the Parliament in Serbia*, Belgrade, 1992.
- GOATI, V.**, *Dilemmas of the Institutional Development of the ‘Third Yugoslavia’*, Belgrade, 1994.

- GOATI, V.**, *Stabilization of Democracy or a Return to Monism – Third Yugoslavia in mid-90s*, Podgorica, 1996.
- Group of authors**, *Elections in a Multi-Party Environment*, Belgrade, 1990.
- Group of authors**, *From Election Rituals to Free Elections*, Belgrade 1991.
- Group of authors**, *Elections in Serbia in 1990 and 1992*, Belgrade, 1992.
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- HELD, D.**, *Models of Democracy*, Stanford, 1987.
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- JOVANOVIĆ, S.L.**, *On the State, Foundations of the Legal Theory*, Belgrade, 1990.
- KASAPOVIĆ, M.**, *Electoral and Party Structure in the Republic of Croatia*, Zagreb, 1993.
- KASAPOVIĆ, M., SIBER, I., ZAKOSEK, N.**, *Voters and Democracy*, “Alinea”, Zagreb, 1998.
- KIELMANSEGG, G. P.**, *How Much Pluralism Can Democracy Endure?*, Belgrade, 1991.
- KIRKPATRICK, J. J.**, *Democratic Elections, Democratic Government, and Democratic Theory*, Washington D.C., 1981.
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- LIJPHART, A.**, *The Political Consequences of Electoral Laws, 1945 – 85*, American Political Science Review, 1990.
- LIJPHART, A.**, *Double-Checking the Evidence*, Journal of Democracy, 1991.
- LIJPHART, A.**, *The Field of Electoral Systems Research: A Critical Survey*, Electoral Studies, 1985.
- LIJPHART, A.**, *Democracy in Pluralistic Societies*, Zagreb, 1992.
- LIJPHART, A.**, *Electoral Systems and Party Systems, A Study of Twenty-Seven Democracies 1945 – 1990*, New York, 1994.
- LIPSET, S. M.**, *The Political Man*, Belgrade, 1969.
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- NOHLEN, D.**, *Electoral Law and Party System*, Zagreb, 1992.
- NOHLEN, D., KASAPOVIĆ, M.**, *The Electoral Systems in South-Eastern Europe*, Belgrade, 1997.
- PAJVANČIĆ, M.**, *Electoral Law*, Novi Sad, 1999.
- PAVICEVIĆ, V.**, *Electoral System and Elections in Montenegro 1990-1996.*, Podgorica, 1997.

- RAE, W. D.**, *Political Consequences of Electoral Laws*, London, 1971.
- RIKER, H. W.**, *The Two-Party System and Duverger's Law: An Essay on the History of Political Science*, American Political Science Review, 1982.
- RODIN, S.**, *European Parliament – Election Procedures, Responsibilities, and Work Methods*, Zagreb, 1990.
- ROSE, R.**, *Elections and Electoral Systems: Choices and Alternatives*, Cambridge, 1983.
- ROSKIN, G. M.**, *The Emerging Party Systems of Central and Eastern Europe*, A Special Number of GLOBAL ISSUES IN TRANSITION, 1994.
- SARTORI, G.**, *The Theory of Democracy Revisited*, New Jersey, 1987.
- STEFANOVIC, J.**, *Constitutional Law of the FR of Yugoslavia and Comparative Constitutional Law*, Zagreb, 1950.
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- VASOVIC, V. – GOATI, V.**, *Elections and Electoral Systems*, IBN Centar – Beograd, Publishing House “Radnicka stampa” – Beograd, 1993.
- QUADE, L. Q.**, *PR and Democratic Statecraft*, Journal of Democracy, 1991.

Dr. Dragan Prlja

New Information Technologies

Virtual diplomacy and an altered international surroundings

Course Duration: one (second) semester, fourteen weeks, one hour per week

Course Content

1. New information technologies and altered international surroundings

- 1.1. Sovereignty and new information technology.
- 1.2. Territory and new information technology.
- 1.3. State power and new information technology.

2. Modern diplomatic communications

- 2.1. Virtual diplomacy.
- 2.2. Modern diplomatic representation.
- 2.3. Gathering information from the field of international relations.
- 2.4. Processing information from the field of international relations.
- 2.5. Storing information from the field of international relations.
- 2.6. Distribution of information from the field of international relations.

3. Democratization of diplomacy and new information technology

- 3.1. Information systems and diplomacy.
- 3.2. Web Site presentation and diplomacy.
- 3.3. Case study: Balkan countries.

Priority Literature

1) Kurbalija, Jovan and Stefano, Baldi, **Internet Guide for Diplomats**. Msida, Malta, University of Malta, 2000; 2) Group of authors, **Internet and diplomacy**. Kotor, Association for the research of foreign policy, 1999.

Selected Literature

Buffa, Dudley. **Taking Control: Politics in the Information Age**. New York: Henry Holt, 1996.

Castells, Manuel. **The Rise of the Network Society**. Cambridge, MA: Blackwell Publishers, 1996.

Cioffi-Revilla, Claudio, Richard L. Merritt, and Dina A. Zinnes, eds. **Communication and Interaction in Global Politics**. Beverly Hills, CA: Sage, 1987.

Compaine, Benjamin M., ed. **Issues in New Information Technology**. Norwood, NJ: Ablex, 1988.

Davison, W. Phillips. **International Political Communication**. New York: Praeger, 1965.

Dordick, Herbert S. and Georgette Wang. **The Information Society: A Retrospective View**. Newbury Park, CA: Sage Publications, 1993.

Grossman, Lawrence. **The Electronic Republic: Reshaping Democracy in The Information Age**. New York: Viking, 1995.

Headrick, Daniel R. **The Invisible Weapon: Telecommunications and International Politics 1851-1945**. New York: Oxford University Press, 1991.

Hoffman, Arthur S., ed. **International Communication and the New Diplomacy**. Bloomington: University of Indiana Press, 1968.

Hopkins, Nicholas. **The Impact of New Technology on the International Media and Foreign Policy**. London: HMSO Books, 1995.

Merritt, Richard L., ed. **Communication in International Politics**. Urbana: University of Illinois Press, 1972.

Nordenstreng, Kaarle and Herbert I. Schiller, eds. **Beyond National Sovereignty: International Communication in the 1990s**. Norwood, NJ: Ablex, 1993.

Nordenstreng, Kaarle and Herbert I. Schiller, eds. **National Sovereignty and International Communication**. Norwood, NJ: Ablex, 1979.

Prlja, Dragan, **Web-Sites of Balkan countries**, Belgrade, Institute for international politics and economy 2001.

Schiller, Daniel. **Telematics and Government**. Norwood, NJ: Ablex, 1982.

Referent postgraduate courses in Europe and worldwide

Diplomacy and the Internet, prof. Paul Sharp, University of Minnesota Duluth, USA (2002).

Virtual Diplomacy, Harvard University J.F. Kennedy School of government, USA (2001/2002).

Integrated guest lectures (of foreign guest professors)

Professor Jovan Kurbalija, professor at the Diplomatic Academy in Malta.

Professor Vatroslav Vekarić, professor of international relations at the University in Rome and Florence.

Prof. dr. Dragan K. Vukčević

Theoretical and Research Methodology

From Theory To MA Proposal

Courses duration: two semesters, fourteen plus fourteen weeks, one hour per week

Course Contents

Theoretical Methodology

Structure of science

Epistemological difficulties

Assumptions and concepts of science

Hypotheses and scientific theories

Science laws and norms

Philosophy of science

Research Methodology

Core of social research

Organization and structure of social research

Types of empirical social researches

Study methods and techniques

Methodology of research project preparation

Research report writing

Selected literature

Gud, V., Het, P. (1966). *Metodi socijalnog istraživanja*, Jugoslovenski zavod za proučavanje školskih i prosvetnih pitanja, Vuk Karadžić, Beograd.

Milić, V. (1965). *Sociološki metod*, Nolit, Beograd.

Beti, E. (1988). *Hermeneutika kao opšta metoda duhovnih nauka*, Književna zajednica, Novi Sad.

Bunge, M. (1967). *Scientific Research*, 1-2, Springer-Verlag, Berlin-Heidelberger-New York.

Dirkem, E. (1961). *Pravila sociološke metode*, Savremena škola, Beograd.

Kun, T. S. (1974). *Struktura naučnih revolucija*, Nolit, Beograd.

Nejgel, E. (1974). *Struktura nauke*, Nolit, Beograd.

Nowak, S. (1977). *Methodology of Sociological Research*, General Problems, Warshawa-Dordrecht.

Poper, K. R. (1973). *Logika naučnog otkrića*, Nolit, Beograd.

Šušnjić, Đ. (1999). *Metodologija*, Čigoja štampa, Beograd.

Tondl, L. (1973). *Scientific Procedures*, Reidel Publishing Co., Dordrecht-Holand, Boston-USA.

Volerstin, I. i saradnici (1997). *Kako otvoriti društvene nauke* (Izveštaj Gulbenkijanove komisije za restrukturisanje društvenih nauka), CID, Podgorica.

Pečujlić, M. i **Milić, V.** (1998). *Metodologija društvenih nauka*, Savremena administracija, Beograd.

Cuba, L. i **Cocking, J.** (2002). *Kako se piše u društvenim naukama*, CID, Podgorica.

Bouma, G.D. i Atkinson, G.B.J. (1996). *Social science research*, Oxford University Press, Oxford.

Hart, C. (1998). *Doing a Literature Review*, SAGE Publications, London.

Vujević, M. (1983). *Uvodjenje u znanstveni rad*, Informator, Zagreb.

Visiting Professors

- Miroslav Pečujlić, Law School of Belgrade
- Đuro Šušnjić, School of Philosophy of Belgrade
- Borislav Đukanović, School of Philosophy of Nikšić
- Bora Kuzmanović, Social Research Institute of Belgrade
- Marija Bogdanović, School of Philosophy of Belgrade
- Mirjana Kuljak, School of Economics of Podgorica

HISTORY OF EUROPEAN INTEGRATION

Subject Code:

Class contact:

Semester: 3

Lecturer: A. Fatic

Aims

To introduce students to the philosophical roots of the European integration drive, mainly focused on the history and philosophy of the European federalist movement. An exploration of the institutional corollaries of the European integration initiatives through the recent history. Historical examination of the creation of the European Communities, the ECSC, the EEC and EEA. The treaties, the meaning and significance of the so-called “community model”, the institutional evolution within the EC. A discussion of the concept of “the United States of Europe” and “the Common European House” as paradigms that have driven European integration efforts for most of its history. The Euro-Atlantic aspect of the European integration and a critical appraisal of the history of development of these relations.

Objectives

On completion of this subject, students should be able to:

- Actively participate in the academic research and discussion of the philosophical and historical aspects of the European integration ideal, as well as about the more general issue of the role of philosophical paradigms in the historical evolution and shaping of institutions and practical action.
- Apply the experiences of the history of European integration to a better understanding of the current problems and trends in the European processes, including the controversies arising from the Euro-Atlantic dimension of the European identity.

Syllabus

The Federalist movement started by Altiero Spinelli and his followers. The roles of various European powers in the conceptualization of the European Community. The significance of the European Coal and Steel Community for the then volatile relations between France and Germany. The Single European Act in 1985. The 1991 Intergovernmental Conference. The Amsterdam Treaty in 1997. The role of communism in fostering unity within the European integration movement. Relations between Britain and France during De Gaulle and the perception of Britain in light of the evolving trans-Atlantic nature of the sought after European identity. The influence of the history of European integration on the contemporary shape of the EU.

Textbooks

- Dinan, D, *An Ever Closing Union? An Introduction to the European Community*, Macmillan, 1994.
- Pinder, J, *European Community: The Building of a Union*, Oxford University Press, 2nd ed., 1995.
- Urwin, D, *The Community of Europe: A History of European Integration*, Longman, 2nd ed., 1995.
- Stojanovic, R.,

References¹

- Nugent, N, *The Government and Politics of the European Union*, Macmillan, London, 1994.
- European Report, 13 January 1999
- European Report, 16 January 1999
- European Report, 23 January 1999
- European Report, 17 March 1999
- European Report, 20 March 1999
- European Report, 24 March 1999

Assessment

3,000 word essays or projects.	50%
Active participation in seminars and lecture attendance	50%

¹ Note: Further readings will be provided prior to the commencement of the course. Adequate resources should be planned for to photocopy and provide articles and other materials that is not easily accessible for students' perusal. An ideal solution would be to provide a comprehensive reader of all the materials, which the students could purchase at the real cost. In this way, maximum efficiency of the student's time would be facilitated in this rather technical subject that requires the familiarization with specific facts and political doctrines that motivated and surrounded them at various stages of the creation of the European institutions.

Prof. dr. Milenko Popović

Economic and Monetary Integration of Europe

Course Duration: one (third) semester, fourteen weeks, two hours per week

Course Content

1. Introduction

Some basic knowledge of legal and political matter is necessary to understand this subject and this is going to be discussed in the introductory lecture. Special attention will be given to history and political institutions of EU (functions of European Commission, The European Parliament, the Council of Ministers, and so on), to stages of economic integration (custom union, common market, economic union, monetary union), EU structure, policies and EU budget.

2. Trade Liberalisation and Preferential Trade Agreement

In this lecture influence of trade liberalisation (removing trade barriers) on nation states will be discussed. More specifically, the trade relations between EU member states will be explained here: do preferential trading agreements (similar to one at the EU) have different economic implications from multilateral agreements. In order to understand this matter, concepts of cost and benefits of trade protection, optimal tariffs and cost and benefits of joining large trading blocs like EU should be discussed.

3. The Single Market

Apart from removal of trade barriers (tariffs), in the single market regime many non-tariff barriers have been removed, freedom to trade services across member states has increased, EU citizens are free to move across member states and similar. In this lecture economic effect of single market adoption on member states will be explained. Effect on resources allocation, industry location, core-periphery pattern, and rate of growth effect will be discussed. For that purpose, concepts and ideas of New Trade Theory, New Economic Geography, and New Growth Theory will be introduced.

4. Regional and Industrial Policy

Effects discussed in previous two lectures might have significant implications for the economic activity of member states and their industries. Who, which states, are likely to be the winners and losers from integration. How should member states and EU react in this situation. What is possible justification for intervention attempting to alter the outcome of market forces. What are constraints imposed by EU on member states subventions and aids. What form should regional EU policy take. What are results of structural and cohesion funds. Those problems are subject of this lecture.

5. External Trade policy

EU is part of global trading environment and for that reason EU trade policy with the rest of the world will be considered in separate lecture. Following topics will be of special attention: benefits of protection; protection of infantile and senile industry; connection between internal market and external trade policy; antidumping action as a tool of EU trade policy; cost and benefits of VER protection.

6. Common Agricultural Policy (CAP)

About 1/3 of EU budget is devoted to CAP, that is on agriculture which is sector that employs a small percentage of EU workforce. In this lecture we should explain following issues: what is CAP; justification for CAP; what is impact of CAP on EU, member states and on world economy; cost and benefits of CAP for different social group; the price support system and its effects; can and how should CAP be reformed.

7. The Costs and Benefits of a Common Currency

In this lecture different theoretical and political arguments for and against current monetary integration will be considered. The arguments relating to costs are based on macroeconomic issues: how will loss of monetary independence (exchange rate as a tool of macroeconomic adjustment) affect macroeconomic performance; asymmetric shocks and optimal currency area; how quickly does economy adjust; loss of seignorage. On the other side, discussion about benefits is supposed to cover question like: what are benefits of adopting common currency; what are benefits of private agents from reductions in transaction costs and uncertainty; what is influence of common currency on competition and price transparency; does it help coordinate monetary policy and remove inflationary bias. Finally, relative size of possible benefits and costs will be compared.

8. The Road to EMU

EMU is next most important step in an on going process of European economic and monetary integration. Previous stages of monetary integration should be considered as well: what can recent history tell us about possible magnitude of costs and benefits of common currency; how did EMS function; what caused crisis of 1992-93 and what are implications, and similar.

9. The European Central Bank, The Stability Pact, and Fiscal Federalism

The transition toward EMU assumes creation of new institutions and establishment of new conventions and pacts on the operation of fiscal and monetary policy. Following questions will be stressed: what is stability pact; did economies really meet the convergence criteria; what have been the implications for the EU economies; are inter-state transfers and fiscal federalism necessary.

10. Operation and Policy Strategy of the European Central Bank. EMU and Structural Reforms

How has EMU actually performed in practice. What about performance of ECB: how has it conducted monetary policy; has it been successful in that policy.

11. International Aspects of EMU

What are actual and possible implications of EMU on world economy. Will the Euro emerge as an international currency. What are the costs and benefits.

Selected Literature

Artis, M.J., Lee, N. (1997): *The Economics of European Union*; (2nd edition), Oxford.

El-Agraa, A.M. (1998): *The European Union: History, Institutions, Economics and Politics*; (5th edition), Prentice Hall Europe.

Baldwin, R. (1997): *Toward an Integrated Europe*.

Baldwin, R. (1989): “Growth effects of 1992”, *Economic Policy*.

Bean, C. (1992): “The Economic and Monetary Union in Europe”, *The Journal of Economic Perspective*, Fall.

Coleman and Roberts: *Economics of CAP in Transition*; in **Artis and Lee**.

Corden, M. : *Trade policy and Economic Welfare*.

De-Grauwe, P. (1997): *The Economics of European Monetary Integration*; (3rd edition), Oxford.

Gros, D. and Thygesen, N. (1998): *European Monetary Integration*, Longman, 2nd edition.

Flam, H. (1992): “Product markets and 1992: full integration, large gains”, *Journal of Economic Perspective*; Fall.

Hindley, B. (1993): “Antidumping Action and the EC: a wider perspective”, in **M.Hilf and E.U.Petersman (eds)**. *National Constitutions and International Economic Law* (Kluwer, Deventer, Netherland).

Hitiris, T. (1998): *European Union Economics*; (4th edition), Perason education, 1998.

Kenen, P (1996): *Economic and Monetary Union in Europe*, Cambridge University Press.

Krugman, P. (1991): *Geography and Trade*.

Krugman, P., Obstfeld, M. (2000): *International Economics: Theory and Policy*; (5th edition).

Mahe and Ortalo-Magne (1999): “CAP and the countryside”, *Economic Policy*.

Martin, P. (1999): “Are European Regional Policy Delivering”, *Graduate Institute of International Studies*.

Molle, W. (1887): *The Economics of European Integration*; (3rd edition), Dartmouth.

Puga, D (1999): “European Regional Policies in the Light of New Economic Geography”, University of Toronto.

Swann, D. (1998): *The Economics of of the Common Market*; (8th edition).

Recommended Reading and Studing Priority

A.M. El-Agraa, 1998: lectures 1-6; De-Grauwe, P., 1997: lectures: 7-11.

Comparative Postgraduate Courses

Economics. London School of Economics; London, England. Course: *Economics of European Integration*; Author: Dr Henry G. Overman (EC235).

Visiting Professors

INSTITUTIONS AND DECISION-MAKING PROCESSES IN THE EU

Subject Code:

Class contact:

Semester: 3

Lecturer: A. Fatic

Aims

To familiarise students with the key institutions and policy-making procedures within the EU and allow them to become active participants in the various areas of cooperation with and integration into the EU by their own countries. To generate a closer understanding of the roles that specific EU institutions play in particular parts of the EU enlargement, as well as the importance of common EU policies to the member states. To highlight the intertwining of the EU institutions and various areas of common EU policy, from the agricultural to common foreign and security policy, and to discuss why the EU institutions represent both a challenge to the aspirant member states, and an obstacle to a fast EU enlargement. To explore the avenues whereby the aspirant member states can complement the EU institutions with the institutions in their own state frameworks, and to elucidate the links between the EU institutions and the criteria for joining the EU.

Objectives

On completion of this subject, students should be able to:

- Be employed as professionals in EU bodies and the institutions of their own countries that are concerned with day-to-day cooperation with EU institutions.
- Serve in the diplomatic services of their countries in the area of cooperation with the EU.
- Be actively involved in academic research, teaching and supervision in the area of European Studies and European Policy..

Syllabus

Cross-referenced with the History of European Integration: The Single European Act 1985; The Amsterdam Treaty of 1997.

Specific syllabus: The roles of the Council of Ministers, the European Council and the Presidency; the role of the European Commission, the appointment and structure of the Commission, the comitology relating to the Commission; European elections, the European parliament, the powers of the Parliament, EU budget and the related procedures; Decision-making as law-making within the Communities, structural view and case analysis;. The constitutional principles of the Community Law; Enforcement of the Community Law.

Textbooks

- Keeffe, D & Tworney, P, *Legal issues of the Maastricht Treaty*, Chichester Wiley Chancery Law, Chichester, 1994.
- Kapteyn, P.J.G. & Verloren Van themaat, P., *Introduction to the Law of the European Communities*, Kluwer, Graham & Trotman, Dordrecht, 1990.
- Hayes-Renshaw, F. & Wallace, H, *The Council of Ministers*, Macmillan, London, 1996.
- Edwards, G. & Spence, D, *The European Commission*, Longman, London, 1995.
- Corbett, R., Jacobs, F. & Shackleton, M, *The European Parliament*, Cartermill, 1995.

References²

- Richardson, J. (ed.), *European Union: Power and Policy-Making*, Routledge, London, 1996.
- Greenwood, J, Grote, J.G. & Ronit, K. (eds), *Organised interests and the European Community*, Sage Publications, Ithaca, 1993.
- Peterson, J. & Bomberg, E, *Decision-making in the European Union*, Macmillan, London, 1999.

Assessment

3,000 word essays or projects.	50%
Active participation in seminars and lecture attendance	50%

² Note: Further readings will be provided prior to the commencement of the course. Adequate resources should be planned for to photocopy and provide articles and other materials that is not easily accessible for students' perusal. An ideal solution would be to provide a comprehensive reader of all the materials, which the students could purchase at the real cost. In this way, maximum efficiency of the student's time would be facilitated in this rather technical subject that requires the familiarization with specific facts and political doctrines that motivated and surrounded them at various stages of the creation of the European institutions.

Prof. dr. Nebojša Vučinić

The Law of the European Union II

European System of Protection of HR

Course duration: one (third) semester, fourteen weeks, two hours per week

Course Content

Notion, origin and development of HR regional protection.

Relation of universal system and regional ones of HR protection, legal-political content and sense of regional systems of HR protection, main regional systems of HR protection, political over-determinism of HR and limits of implementation.

European system of HR protection in CoE and EU scope, historical predecessors and ideological and political roots; common values and aims in context of European integrations; HR protection as the beginning of integration processes; role of CoE and other institutions.

European Convention on Basic Rights and Freedoms and Additional Protocols; basic principals of Convention; nature of protected rights; system evolution and widening of catalogue of protected rights.

Implementation mechanisms; Committee of Ministers; Secretary General of CoE; European Court for HR; characteristic mechanism on implementation of Convention, which makes this system the most effective one in contemporary international community.

Kinds, nature and character of HR and freedoms guaranteed in the Convention and in accordance with European Court for HR practice; importance of judicial practice for development and improvement of HR concept.

Minority rights in the context of CoE and European Framework Convention for Minority Protection; minority protection in SEE.

European Social Charter and mechanisms of protection of economic, social and cultural rights.

European system of HR protection and states of SEE.

Implementation of the system as important factor of preserving and improvement of peace, stability and prosperity in the region.

Basic Literature

- T. Burgental, Međunarodna ljudska prava u sažetom obliku, Beograd, 1998.
- L. Henkin, The Rights of Man Today, Columbia University Press, 1988.
- L. Zwaak, Law and Practice of the European Convention on Human Rights, Martinus Nijhoff, 1998.
- V. Dimitrijević, M. Paunović, Ljudska prava, Beograd 1997.
- N. Vučinić, Osnovi ljudskih prava, Podgorica, 2001.
- D. Shelton, Remedies in International Human Rights Law, Oxford, 1999.
- P. Alston, Promoting Human Rights Through Bills of Rights, Oxford, 1999.

THE EU ENLARGEMENT

Subject Code:

Class contact:

Semester: 3

Lecturer: A. Fatic

Aims

To critically examine the strategic and moral aspects of the EU enlargement process; to discuss the criteria that the aspirant member countries must fulfill in order to gain membership. To introduce students to the influence of the security, economic and specific regional considerations on the dynamics of EU enlargement. To discuss EU policies that give rise to the specific criteria for joining the EU by the aspirant member countries.

Objectives

On completion of this subject, students should be able to:

- Work on the policy-making level on issues of EU accession;
- Be active in the diplomatic services of their countries relating to EU membership;
- Conduct academic work concerning a variety of issues arising from EU enlargement.

Syllabus

The role of central and eastern Europe in the further definition of the European identity and the securing of European security and economic ideals. The social and human rights aspects of the European enlargement. The welfare state and the European social culture. The role of the European institutions in the social and political development of the aspirant member countries. The EU policies in light of the accession process: Free movement of goods and persons, social policy and the issues of European citizenship, EC competition law and state intervention within the EU, Environmental and consumer policy, The common agricultural policy, regional and structural policy, The European Monetary Union.

References³

- Maresceau, M. (ed.), *Enlarging the European Union: Relations between the EU and Central and Eastern Europe*, Longman, London, 1997.
- Moravcsik, A. (ed.), *Centralisation or fragmentation? Europe facing the challenges of deepening, diversity, and democracy*, New York, 1998.
- Weatherill, S. & Beaumont, P., *EC Law*, Penguin, Harmondsworth, 1995.
- El Agra, A.M., *The Economics of the European Community*, New York, 1998.

³ No specific textbooks are envisaged for this subject, as the issues involved in it evolve relatively dynamically, and considerable body of material consisting of articles will be available to the students.

- Craig, P. & de Burca, G., *The Evolution of EU Law*, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 1999.

Assessment

3,000 word essays or projects.

50%

Active participation in seminars and lecture attendance

50%

COMMON FOREIGN AND SECURITY POLICY OF THE EU

Subject Code:

Class contact:

Semester: 3

Lecturer: A. Fatic

Aims

To introduce students to the structure and policies that constitute the Common Foreign and Security Policy area within the EU system. To discuss the environment within which the EU operates and the reasons for the harmonization and unification of the foreign and security policy priorities of the EU. Key security issues facing the EU and the constraints on the attempts to generate harmonious common policy on these issues. Universal threats to all EU member countries and their foreign and security policy equivalents. Perceptions of the Common Foreign and Security Policy by the aspirant member countries.

Objectives

On completion of this subject, students should be able to:

- Become involved in the foreign policy making and diplomatic work in the area of foreign and security policy.
- Be involved in the academic research, teaching and supervision in the issues arising from the problems and facets of Common Foreign and Security Policy.
- Apply the experiences of the history of European integration to a better understanding of the current problems and trends in the European processes, including the controversies arising from the Euro-Atlantic dimension of the European identity.

Syllabus

The relative homogeneity between the EU member countries and their need for a uniform foreign and security policy front. Illegal immigration and the creation of the Shengen zone and common consular policies. The relationship between the Common Foreign and Security Policy and the European Defence Identity within NATO.

Textbooks

- Stojanovic, R, *Spoljna politika Evropske Unije*, Dosije, Beograd, 1998.
- Babic, B i Ilic, G (urs), *Jugoslavija i Evropska Unija*, Institut za medjunarodnu politiku i privredu, Beograd, 1996.
- Pinder, J, *The EC and Eastern Europe*, Pinter, London, 1991.

References

To be provided in a reader before the commencement of the course.

Assessment

3,000 word essays or projects.

50%

Active participation in seminars and lecture attendance

50%

Dr Dragan Prlja

The Stability Pact for South Eastern Europe

Duration of the course: one (third) semester, fourteen weeks, one lesson a week, total fourteen weeks

Course Contents

Main topics of the course should be: the concept of conflict prevention in theory and practice, an evaluation of the predecessors of the Stability Pact and their 'rivals' (Royaumont Process, South East European Cooperation Process, EU Regional Approach); the founding phase of the Stability Pact in early 1999, closely connected with the Kosovo war and the ESDP initiative of the EU; the interests and motives of the different actors involved; the structure and the working procedures of the Pact; the evolution, the results and the deficits up to the present.

Selected Literature

Biermann, Rafael: The Stability Pact for South Eastern Europe potential, problems and perspectives, Discussion Paper C56 / 1999, Bonn (Center for European Integration Studies).

Cortright, David (ed.): The Price of Peace. Incentives and International Conflict Prevention, New York 1997.

Ehrhart, Hans-Georg: Preventive Diplomacy or Neglected Initiative: The Royaumont Process and the Stabilization of Southeastern Europe, in: Ehrhart, Hans-Georg / Schnabel, Albrecht (eds): The South East European Challenge: Ethnic Conflict and the International Response, Baden-Baden 1999, pp. 177-195.

Emerson, Michael: On the Forming and Reforming of the Stability Pacts: From the Balkans to the Caucasus, CEPS Policy Brief No. 4 / May 2001, Brussels (Center for European Policy Studies).

Jentleson, Bruce (ed.): Opportunities Missed, Opportunities Seized. Preventive Diplomacy in the Post-Cold War World, New York 2000.

See also the Homepage of the Office of the Coordinator of the Stability Pact (www.stabilitypact.org).

Priority Literature

Dusko Lopandic, Regionalne inicijative u Jugoistocnoj Evropi, Beograd, Institut za medjunarodnu politiku i privredu, 2001.

Referent Postgraduate Courses in Europe and Worldwide

The Stability Pact for South Eastern Europe, prof. Rafael Biermann, University Bonn (2002).

Integrated Guest Lectures (of Foreign Guest Professors)

Professor Predrag Simic, professor at the Faculty of Political Sciences Belgrade.

Dr Dragan Prlja

The EU Stabilization and Association Process for the "Western Balkans"

Duration: one (third) semester, fourteen weeks, one lesson a week, total fourteen weeks

Course Contents

This course, which is closely linked both to the Stability Pact and the Enlargement course, will gain significance over the years to come, as the SAA process is presumed to be the core instrument of the Stability Pact, a tool of the EU for drawing the region the new "potential candidates" nearer to the EU, with a perspective of full membership. Thus, the course might concentrate on the rationale for opening the European Union after the Kosovo war also to the 'Western Balkans' (a term used in the DG External Relations of the EU Commission), including the strongly dissenting views among the EU governments at that time; the evolution of the SAA process since 1999; the instruments of the process (SAA agreements, CARDS programme, trade liberalization); the state of affairs for each individual country of the region; and the future perspectives of the process.

Selected Literature

Bierman, Rafael: The Stability Pact for South Eastern Europe potential, problems and perspectives, Discussion Paper C56 / 1999, Bonn (Center for European Integration Studies).

Lopandić, Duško: Evropska unija i Jugoistocna Evropa, u: Medjunarodna politika, br. 1105, Beograd, 2002, pp. 31-34.

Spinant, Daniela: Implications for the Enlargement Process, in: Dieter Mahncke (ed.): The Challenge of Kosovo and its Implications for the European Union, Bern 2001, pp. 249-268.

Varwick, Johannes: The Kosovo crisis and the European Union: The Stability Pact and its Consequences for EU Enlargement, in: Krause, Joachim / Spillmann, K. R. (ed.): Kosovo: Lessons Learned for International Cooperative Security, Bern 2000.

See also the Homepage of the DG External Relations of the European Commission (www.europa.eu.int/comm/external_relations).

Priority Literature

Dusko Lopandic, Regionalne inicijative u Jugoistocnoj Evropi, Beograd, Institut za medjunarodnu politiku i privredu, 2001.

Referent Postgraduate Courses in Europe and Worldwide

The EU Stabilization and Association Process for the 'Western Balkans', prof. Rafael Biermann, University Bonn (2002).

Integrated Guest Lectures (of Foreign Guest Professors)

Professor Predrag Simic, professor at the Faculty of Political Sciences Belgrade.

Lecturers: Bio-Bibliographical Notes

Prof. dr Šerbo Rastoder

Filozofski fakultet Nikšić

Šerbo Rastoder rođen je 13. avgusta 1956. u Radmancima, opština Berane, Crna Gora. Osnovnu školu i gimnaziju završio je u Baru. Diplomirao je na Filozofskom fakultetu u Beogradu, Odsjek za istoriju, 1981. Na istom fakultetu je završio poslijediplomske studije i odbranio magistarski rad "Jugoslovenska radikalna zajednica u Crnoj Gori 1935-1939" u junu 1987, da bi potom odbranio i doktorsku disertaciju u junu 1993. "Socijalno-ekonomski osnov političkih borbi u Crnoj Gori 1918-1929". Mentor diplomskog, magistarskog rada i doktorske disertacije Šerba Rastodera bio je prof. dr Branko Petranović, profesor na Katedri za istoriju Filozofskog fakulteta u Beogradu.

Šerbo Rastoder je poslije diplomiranja, školske 1981-1982. radio kao profesor srednje škole. Od februara 1985. do novembra 1988. radio je kao asistent pripravnika a zatim i kao asistent na Filozofskom fakultetu u Nikšiću na predmetu Istorija jugoslovenskih naroda, da bi od septembra 1993. počeo da radi kao docent na istom fakultetu na predmetima Uvod u istoriju sa osnovama pomoćnih istorijskih nauka (na Odsjeku za istoriju i geografiju), Opšta istorija XIX i XX vijeka (na Odsjeku za sociologiju) i Opšta istorija XIX vijeka (na Odsjeku za istoriju i geografiju). Sada je vanredni profesor Univerziteta Crne Gore na Filozofskom fakultetu u Nikšiću, na Odsjeku za istoriju i geografiju.

Osnovni predmet naučnog interesovanja Šerba Rastodera su Istorija Crne Gore XIX i XX vijeka i Teorijsko-metodološki problemi istorijske nauke. Autor je osam naučnih monografija (šest objavljenih), pisac pogovora jedne prevedene knjige, preko 90 naučnih priloga, članaka i rasprava, i preko 70 prikaza, priloga, bilješki i osvrti. Redovni je član Dukljanske akademije nauka i umjetnosti, član je Odbora za istorijske nauke Crnogorske akademije nauka i umjetnosti, član Upravnog odbora Matice crnogorske, član Upravnog odbora Instituta za otvoreno društvo Crna Gora, član Upravnog odbora Istorijskog instituta Crne Gore, član Upravnog odbora Centra za ljudska prava Univerziteta Crne Gore, član Redakcije Enciklopedije Crne Gore (urednik tematske oblasti), zamjenik glavnog urednika Crnogorske enciklopedije, član Predsjedništva Društva istoričara Crne Gore, potpredsjednik Savjeta Filozofskog fakulteta, član redakcija Jugoslovenskog istorijskog časopisa, član redakcije časopisa Matica, kao i urednik Almanaha, časopisa za izučavanje kulturno-istorijskog nasleđa Muslimana-Bošnjaka u Crnoj Gori.

Prof. dr. Milenko Popović

Center for International Studies
University of Montenegro, Podgorica

EDUCATION

1987-1990: Ph.D. in Economics

Ph.D. thesis: "Investment in Knowledge and its Influence on Economic Growth" (a theoretical and empirical investigation of investment in Education, Research & Development and Application/Commercialization of new products and process: Cash flow and Cost-Benefit analysis of investment in human and intangible assets; models of growth with human and intangible capital; neo-institutional analysis of knowledge formation) University of Montenegro, Faculty of Economics, Podgorica, Yugoslavia

1980-1981: Specialization in applied econometrics

University of Birmingham, Birmingham, Great Britain, Faculty of Commerce and Social Sciences Department of Industrial Economics & Business Studies

1976-1978: M.Sc. in Economics

M.Sc. Thesis: "Measuring the Sources of Growth in the Yugoslavian Economy" (a theoretical and econometrical investigation on economic growth of Yugoslavia), University of Belgrade, Faculty of Economics, Belgrade, Yugoslavia, Postgraduate Studies; Course: Theory and Policy of Economic Development

1970-1974: B.Sc. Degree in Economics

Diploma work: "Transportation Problem" (linear programming) University of Montenegro, Faculty of Economics, Titograd, Yugoslavia

2000: Computer Programing for Data Base and e-commerce

A C T E – Advanced Computer Training for Engineers
Courses: C / C++, SQL, PLSQL, MS Server 7.0, Visual Basic 6.0, HTML, Java Script

PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

LECTURING AT UNIVERSITY AND POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION

2001-

1 Adjunct Faculty, Cardean University, Chicago, IL, U S A
1 Course: Data Mining (Discovering Data Mining Opportunities, Data Mining Technique, Data Mining Implementation)

2001-

1 Visiting Professor, Center for International Studies, University of Montenegro, Podgorica, Montenegro, Yugoslavia
1 Course: Microeconomic, Macroeconomics, Economics of European Integration

1997-

1 Visiting Professor, Faculty of Economics, University of Montenegro, Podgorica
1 Course: Economic Analysis of Law

1995-1996:

1 Lecturer, Department of Economics, University of Toronto, Toronto
1 Course taught: Economics 100

1976-1988:

1 Assistant Professor, Faculty of Economics, University of Montenegro, Titograd

1 Courses taught: Theory and Planning of Economic Development, Macroeconomics, Corporate Finance, Corporate Valuation

RESEARCH AND CONSULTING

2001-

1 Associate Fellow at University of Toronto, Center for Russian & East European Studies

1 Field: Transition in Eastern Europe

1999-

1 Freelance Consultant: Finance, Business analysis

1 Worked for Riverdale Community Business Centre, Social Investment Organization, ACTE, Bel Agora, VoCo, Ministry of Training, Colleges and Universities (current project)

1997-1999:

1 Financial Planner & Sales Representatives

1 London Life Insurance Agency / Interlife Financial Corporation

1996-1997:

1 Financial Consultant at FACTIS, O.D., Belgrade, Yugoslavia

1 Field: Business valuation, Cash-flow analysis, Privatization and financial consolidation of SM (self managed) and state owned

firms

1994-1997:

1 Associate Fellow at University of Toronto, Center for Russian & East European Studies

1 Field: Transition in Eastern Europe

1992-1993:

1 Consultant at Deloit & Touche – Institut of Economics, Belgrade

1 Fields: Business valuation, Cash-flow analysis, Privatization and financial consolidation of SM (self managed) and state

owned firms

1989-1992:

1 Research Fellow at the Institute of Economic Science - IEN, Belgrade

1 Fields: Business valuation, Cash-flow analysis, Privatization and financial consolidation of SM and state owned firms

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS, STUDIES AND PROJECTS

Available upon request

LIST OF REFERENCES

Available upon request

Professor Dr. Radovan Radonjić

Law School Podgorica
University of Montenegro

Radovan Radonjić was born in Njeguši in Montenegro on December 13, 1936. He graduated from the Pedagogy School (Department of History and Geography) in Nikšić and from the Faculty of Political Sciences in Belgrade. Then he obtained a M. A. (in 1969) and a Ph. D. (in 1973) from the Faculty of Political Sciences in Belgrade. Currently he is a full time Professor and Head of Department of Sociological Studies at the Law Faculty in Podgorica, where he teaches Political and Legal Theories and Sociology of Law. At the same time, he coordinates the postgraduate studies at the Law Faculty. He also coordinates the activities of the Student Debate Club and the Rhetoric Society of the Law Faculty and the School of Rhetoric at the Mediterranean Creative Center in Podgorica as well. He used to be Dean of the Law Faculty in Podgorica as well as of Faculty for Cultural Studies in Cetinje.

Radovan Radonjić is a member of the Doclean Academy of Arts and Sciences. He is a member of several editorial boards of academic journals and other publications, research project boards and other expert teams. He has participated in a number of scientific conferences both in the country and abroad. He is fluent in Russian and has a good knowledge of English and Italian.

He has published twenty-nine books (three of which are used as university textbooks) as well as several hundreds of academic, research and expert papers (more than 500 bibliographical units).

For his work he has received Medal of Labour with a Golden Wreath, Medal of the Republic with a Silver Wreath, Award of the Town of Cetinje (1973), Award of the Town of Podgorica (1981), and Montenegrin National the Thirteenth July Award.

Prof. dr. Milan Popović

Law School and Center for International Studies of the University of Montenegro

Born: Andrijevica, Montenegro, July 11, 1955.

Education: B.A, Law School Titograd, University of Montenegro, 1977; MA (*Interests and Politics in Contemporary Yugoslav Society*), Law School, University of Belgrade, 1983; Ph.D. (*Immanuel Wallerstein's World-Systems Analysis*), Law School, University of Belgrade, 1991.

Academic Posts: Teaching Fellow (1978-91), Assistant Professor-Docent (1991-96), Associate Professor (1996-2001), Full Professor (2001-) of *Comparative Political Systems* and *Political Sociology*, Law School Podgorica, and of *Political System*, School of Economy Podgorica, University of Montenegro. Initiator of two postgraduate studies:

of Comparative Politics, and of European and Southeast European Studies at the University of Montenegro. Acting Director of the Center for International Studies of the University of Montenegro (2001-).

Professional and Related Public Activities: Member, Academia Dioclitiana Scientiarum et Artium (DANU), 1999-; Member, Committee for Science and Language, Matica Crnogorska, 1994-; Member of Board, Association for Foreign Policy Research (Kotor, Montenegro), 1995-99; Member of Board, Soros-Yugoslavia Foundation, 1991-93; Member, Yugoslav Association of Political Science, 1978-; Member of Board, Verona Forum, International Non-Governmental Organization for Peace and Reconciliation on the Territory of Former Yugoslavia, Brussels, 1996-99; Member, Center for Democracy and Human Rights (CEDEM), Podgorica, Montenegro, 1997-; Member of Council, Center for Free Elections and Democracy (CeSID), Belgrade, 1998-; Member, International Forum Bosnia, Sarajevo, Bosnia and Herzegovina, 1998-

Honors, Fellowships, and Lectureships: John Marshall Research Fellow, Visiting Research Associate at the Fernand Braudel Center, SUNY, Binghamton, NY, USA, 1991-93; British Council Research Fellow, University of Sussex, Brighton, U.K., 1988-89; Visiting Lecturer, *Political Economy of Planning and Economic Reform in Russia and Eastern Europe*, Brighton Polytechnic, University of Sussex, Brighton, U.K., Spring 1989.

Editorial Boards: Journal *Southeast European Politics*, CEU, Budapest, 2000-; journal *Doclea*, Podgorica, 2000-; Series editor, Kairos, Publishing Center (CID), Podgorica, 1995-; Montenegro Journal of *Foreign Policy*, Kotor, 1995-99; journal *Ideje*, Belgrade, 1988-91; journal *Ovdje*, Titograd, 1986-89; journal *Praksa*, Titograd, 1984-89; Editor, Research, Documentary, and Publishing Center (CIDID), Belgrade, series on young generation and new social movements, 1985-89.

Languages: English and (reading) French (plus Serbo-Croat or Montenegrin as a native one).

Bibliography: Nine books (*Political Economy and Politics*, 1985; *Dilemmas of Political Pluralism*, 1988; *Rhythm of the World: Immanuel Wallerstein's World-System Analysis*, 1995; *Jargon of the Periphery: Balkan Postmodernity 1*, 1994; *After the Cold War: Balkan Postmodernity 2*, 1996; *Political Apartheid: Balkan Postmodernity 3*, 1997; *Contemporary Political Systems*, university textbook, co-authors Pavle Jovanović, Nenad Dimitrijević, and Milan Popović, 1998; *Under Facade*, <http://www.medijaklub.cg.yu>, 2000; *Montenegrin Alternative: Balkan Postmodernity 4*, 2000), and a host of academic articles, essays, and reviews (dealing with the post-Cold War Balkan crisis, local, national and international power apparatus, and the modern world-system), published in distinguished national and international journals and publications.

Dr. Nebojša Popov
Institute for Philosophy and Social Theory

University of Belgrade

Born in 1939. Graduate in Law. Ph.D. in Sociology: "Social Conflicts and Changes of Structure of Yugoslav Society," Faculty of Philosophy, University of Zagreb, 1976. Member of the "Praxis" school of philosophy during the 1960-1970-is. Founder and Editor-in-Chief of "Republika", one of the most prominent anti-war, civic, and democratic paper in Serbia during the 1990-is. Currently working as a Senior Research Fellow at the Institute for Philosophy and Social Theory of the University of Belgrade. The main sociological works: *Partija (SKJ), vlast i samoupravljanje* (1966); *Društveni sukobi: izazov sociologiji* (1983); *Contra Fatum* (1989); *Kriza međuratnog jugoslovenskog društva* (1989); *Jugoslavija pod naponom promena* (1990); *Srpski populizam* (1993); *Republikanac* (1994); *Srpska strana rata: trauma i katarza u istorijskom pamćenju*, zbornik (1996).

Docent Dr. Veselin Pavićević

Faculty of Economics

Veselin Pavićević (1952) holds the position of Assistant Professor at the University of Montenegro. He graduated from the Faculty of Law in Podgorica in 1977, received his Masters degree from the Faculty of Law of the University of Belgrade for the thesis "Delegate Electoral System – Norms and Reality – Experiences of Montenegro in 1974 – 1982" in 1986, and was awarded the title of a Ph.D. in 1996 for the thesis "Elections and the Process of Constituting Parliamentary Democracy in Montenegro in 1990 – 1995" by the Faculty of Political Sciences of the University of Belgrade.

Since 1977 Veselin Pavićević has been working at the Faculty of Economics of the University of Montenegro. Currently he teaches the courses in Sociology, Political Systems, and Theory of Elections and Electoral Systems at the Faculty of Economics as well as Elections and Electoral Law at the Faculty of Law. His main field of scientific and research interest is the Sociology of Politics/Sociology of Elections. Pavićević has so far published a large number of works, the most important of which is the book "The Electoral System and Elections in Montenegro in 1990 – 1999", CID Podgorica, 1997.

Pavićević has participated in the projects conducted by IFES (International Foundation for Electoral Systems – Washington), CEDEM (Centre for Democracy and Human Rights – Podgorica), CeSID (Centre for Free Elections and Democracy – Belgrade), SoCEN (Sociological Centre of Montenegro – Podgorica) and DAMAR (Agency for Public Polls). From January 1999 to January 2002, Pavićević was the president of the Debate Clubs Association. He is a member of the Board for legal and political sciences of the Montenegrin Academy of Arts and Sciences as well as a member of the Republican Election Commission.

Main projects:

Electoral Law Models in Montenegro (Law on the Election of Representatives and Parliamentary Members) / IFES Office in Podgorica; leader of the expert team.

Transition in Montenegro – Legislation – Media – Privatization / CEDEM (so far 12 Reports have been published covering the period from February 1999 – December 2001); researcher in charge of the field of Legislation.

Political Public Opinion of Montenegro / CEDEM (3 Reports published from April 2000 – March 2001); methodologist and co-author of the Reports.

About the Elections 3 – A Report on the Extraordinary Parliamentary and Local Elections in Montenegro/May 1998 / CESID, Belgrade 1998, co-author.

Parliamentarism in Montenegro in 1905 – 2001 / SoCEN, currently in printing; one of the three authors of the publication.

The Political Activism of Women in Montenegro – Analysis of the Public Poll / DAMAR, March 2001; research conducted for the “Women’s Action” NGO – Podgorica; methodologist and researcher.

NGOs as Perceived by the Public of Montenegro / DAMAR, May 2001; research conducted for the Centre for the Development of NGOs – Podgorica: methodologist and researcher.

Values and the Level of Social Activism of the Students of Montenegro / DAMAR, June 2001; research conducted for the Nansen Dialogue Center Office in Podgorica; methodologist and researcher.

Institutional Framework, socio-economic transformation and political culture in FRY (Serbia and Montenegro) and Croatia (Human Rights Protection, The Rule of Law and Civil Society Building in FRY (Serbia and Montenegro) and Croatia / CEDET (Centre for Democratic Transition) – Belgrade; Coordinator for Montenegro, author of the subproject ‘Electoral System of Montenegro,’ www.cedet.org.yu.

Distributive Elements of the Electoral System, The Small Library of CESID, Belgrade, 2002.

CURRICULUM VITAE



Dragan Prlja

Tel. 081 481201

E-mail: dprlja@yahoo.com

NAME AND FAMILY NAME: Dragan Prlja

ADDRESS: Institute for Comparative Law - Law Faculty,
13. jula 2. 81000 Podgorica, Montenegro, telephone (3881)
481201, fax (3881) 245233, E-mail: dprlja@yahoo.com

DATE OF BIRTH: December 28, 1959

MARITAL STATUS: married (two children)

CURRENT POSITION: researcher

ACADEMIC RECORD: graduate in law - [Faculty of Law](#),
Belgrade University, 1983. Master of International law -
[Faculty of Law](#), Belgrade University, 1990. Ph.D. Law and
Political Science - [Faculty of Law](#), Belgrade University,
1997. Thesis Title: "Yugoslav Foreign Policy : Quantitative
Data Base"

SKILLS:

Languages: Serbo-Croatian, English , Russian

Computer: Internet programming (HTML) and Web
design, MS Office programming, data base design and
development

PROFESSIONAL CAREER: Institute of Modern History, Belgrade (1984-1988),
[Institute of Economics](#)(www.ien.bg.ac.yu)1988-1989, Belgrade, [Institute of International
Politics and Economics](#) (www.diplomacy.bg.ac.yu) 1990-1999, Belgrade, Law faculty
University of Montenegro (www.lawfaculty.cjb.net) 1999-, Podgorica. **Senior Legal
Advisor, U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID)**, Republic of
Montenegro, Economic Policy and Institutional Reform Support, (27, November 2000 -
current).

BOOKS

- Dragan Prlja, et al. "*Law Informatics and Local Government*", Podgorica, Montenegro Association for law informatics, 2000, pp. 107.
- Dragan Prlja, et al. "*Internet for Librarians*", Belgrade: Library association in Serbia, 1998, pp. 106.
- Dragan Prlja and Dragan Cosic, "*Internet in Yugoslavia and Yugoslavia on the Internet*", Belgrade: Yugoslav Association of Engineers, 1997, pp. 182.
- Dragan Prlja, "*Foreign Policy of FR Yugoslavia*", doctoral thesis, Belgrade: Law Faculty, 1997, pp. 242.
- Dragan Prlja, and Stevan Lilic "*Computers for Lawyers*", Belgrade: Institute for international politics and economics, 1994, pp. 113.
- Dragan Prlja, "*European Union Law Informatics: guide for finding European Union Law*", Institute for international politics and economics, 1992.pp. 120.

- Dragan Prlja, and Daniela Obradovic “*Computers in social and humanitarian sciences*”, Belgrade: Institute for international politics and economics, 1991. pp. 125.
- Dragan Prlja, “*Serbia in international relations*”, Belgrade: Law Faculty, 1990, pp. 128.

CD-ROM EDITIONS

- Dragan Prlja, et al, "Virtual Diplomacy", Kotor: Association for the Study of Foreign Policy, 1999.
- Stevan Lilic, Mirjana Drakulic, Dragan Prlja, "Data Protection and Information systems ", Belgrade: Law Faculty, 1999.
- Aleksandar Fatic, Dragan Prlja, "Montenegro Journal of Foreign Policy", Kotor: Association for the Study of Foreign Policy, 1999.
- Vatsrolav Vekaric, Dragan Prlja, "Internet and Nonprofit Sector ", Beograd: Center for Strategies Studies, 1998.
- Aleksandar Fatic, Dragan Prlja, "The Hague International War Crimes Tribunal", Kotor: Association for the Study of Foreign Policy, 1998
- Dragan Prlja, "Computer Lab for Lawyers ", Belgrade: Yugoslav association for the law informatics, 1997.
- Dragan Prlja, "Technology, Culture and development ", Belgrade: Institute Mihajlo Pupin, 1996.
- Dragan Prlja, "International Relations 1995", Belgrade: Institute for international politics and economics, 1996.

ARTICLES

- 57 articles in the field of law, informatics and international relations.

Prof. dr. Aleksandar Fatić

Institute of International Politics and Economics

Aleksandar Fatić was born in Derventa, Bosnia and Herzegovina. He received his Ph.D. from the Australian National University in 1996, and has since worked extensively in the area of theory of international relations, European Studies, and security studies. He is also involved in the research in political philosophy and ethics. His main publications include: *Crime and Social Control in “Central-Eastern” Europe*, Ashgate, Aldershot, 1997; *Reconciliation via the War Crimes Tribunal*, Ashgate, Aldershot, 2000; *Novi međunarodni odnosi*, Službeni list SRJ, Beograd, 1999; and numerous articles in international journals, books, and collections of articles. He is currently employed as a Senior Fellow at the Institute of International Politics and Economics in Beograd. He has

tought at Charles University in Prague, Anglo-American College in Prague, University of Tasmania, University of South Australia, Keele University, and is a regular guest-lecturer at several European universities. His latest visiting period was at the University of Graz early in 2002.